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# Welcome to Raith Nano World



Raith ELPHY Lithography System  
controlling FIB column  
on X-Beam Tool

1  $\mu\text{m}$

# Outline

# Raith

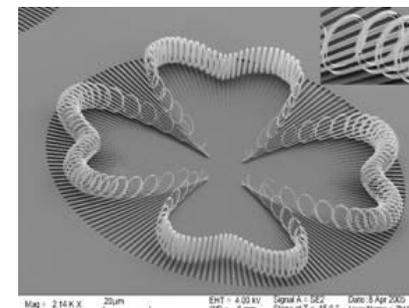
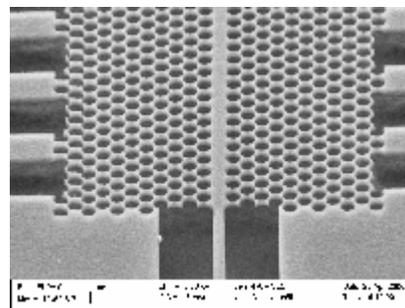
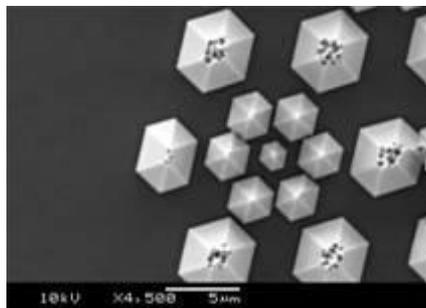
INNOVATION FROM A WORLD LEADER IN ELECTRON BEAM LITHOGRAPHY  
AND SEMICONDUCTOR NAVIGATION SOLUTIONS

## Enabling new in-situ Nanofabrication Experiments using novel Electron- and Ion-Beam Lithography and Nanoengineering Workstations

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Taken from Raith best picture award 2005 image gallery

# Raith company profile

Annual turnover:  
>16 Mio Euro

Headcount:  
~ 70 @ headquarters  
10 @ branch offices

Headquarters Dortmund, Germany



Headquarter staff members 2001



## Raith company profile - Main activities

Nanolithography and Nanofabrication  
for R&D and small batch production

Semiconductor Failure Analysis  
and Reverse Engineering

OEM supply, development and fabrication  
(UHV goniometer 2"-12", Beamlankers etc)

# Raith E-Beam-Lithography Portfolio

## Electron Beam Lithography **Attachments**



### *ELPHY Quantum*

Universal Electron/Ion  
Beam Nano-  
Lithography System

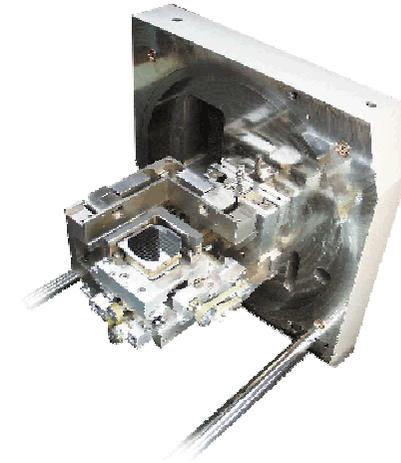
**single field  
applications**



### *ELPHY Plus*

Professional Electron/Ion  
Beam Nano-Lithography  
system

**Advanced applications  
with max. stability**



### *Compact LIS*

Compact Laser  
Interferometer Stage for  
SEM / analytical systems

**Stitching capabilities  
required**

# Raith E-Beam-Lithography Portfolio

## Complete Electron Beam Lithography Systems



RAITH50

LaB<sub>6</sub> / W gun  
up to 2 inch wafer  
typ. cm<sup>2</sup> samples  
< 50 nm lines

EBL „standard“  
applications



eLINE

TFE gun  
up to 4 inch wafer  
typ. cm<sup>2</sup> samples, chips  
< 20 nm lines (UHR)

UHR-Lithography and  
Nanoengineering Tool



RAITH150

TFE gun  
up to 8 inch wafer  
up to 6 inch mask  
< 20 nm lines (UHR)

Automated wafer  
(6“, 8“) exposure

# Motivation for new tools

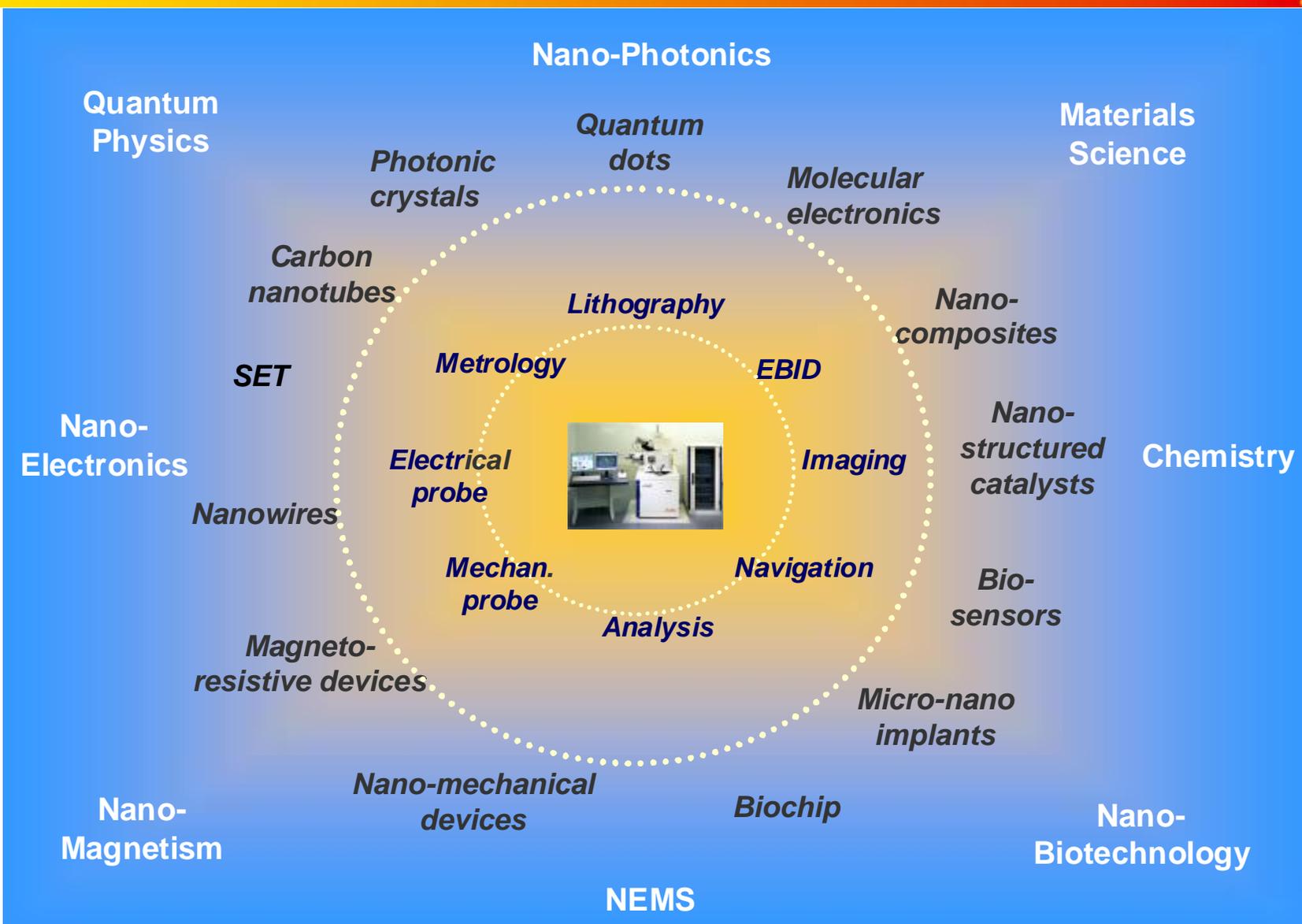
## ■ R&D task: Interfacing nano devices to macroscopic world

### System capabilities required to ...

- § **Fabricate:** Use nature, lithography process or combination of both
- § **Relocate:** Apply intelligent sample navigation, imaging
- § **Modify:** Employ shaping, adding, subtracting features and materials
- § **Measure:** Analyze (topography, chemistry, dimensions ..), build contact to macroscopic measures (electrical, magn., ..)

**... preferably in one single system only !**

# Applicational bandwidth in various scientific disciplines







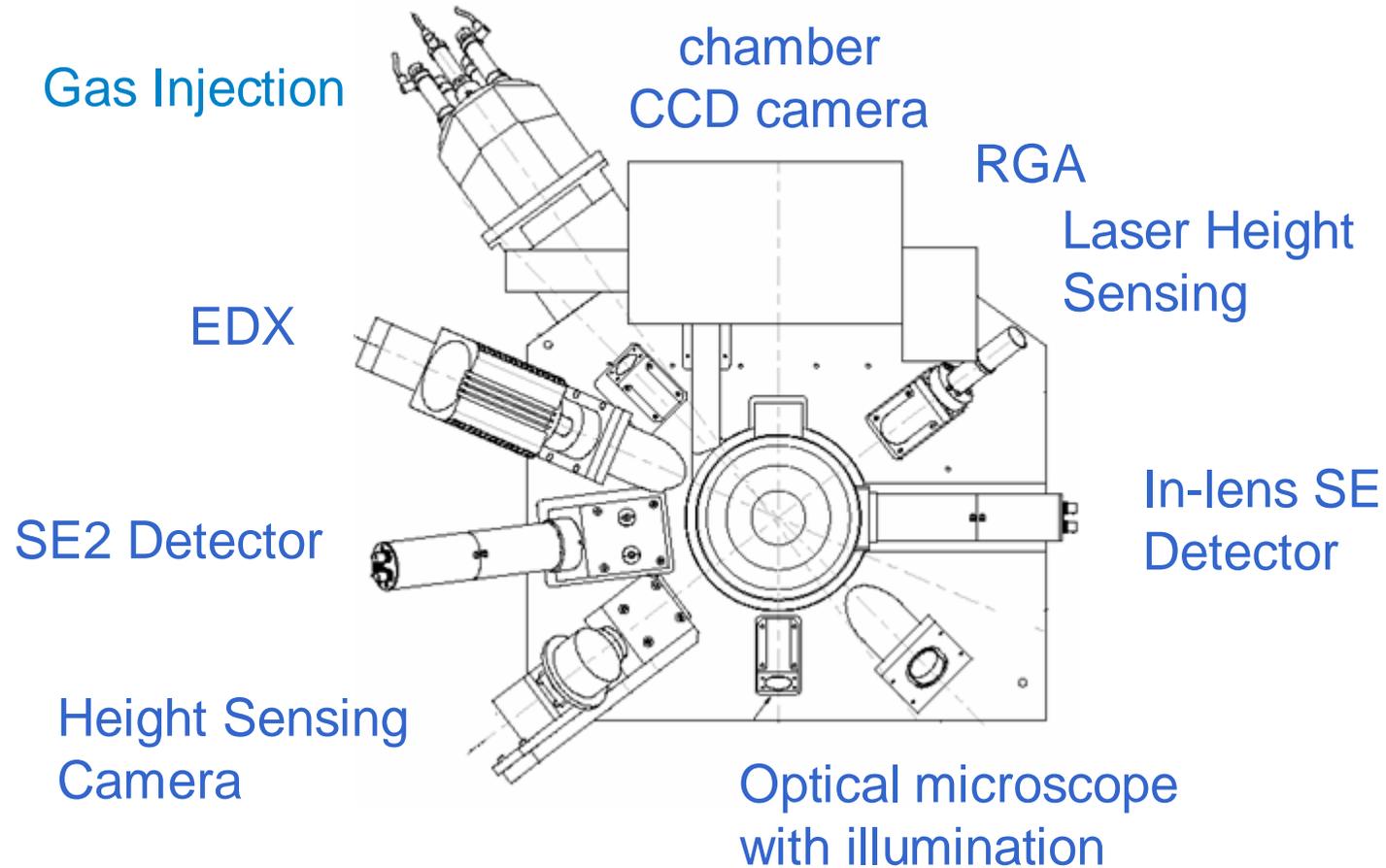
## Base applications

- E-beam lithography
- Inspection and process control
- Nano Metrology and intelligent Sample Navigation

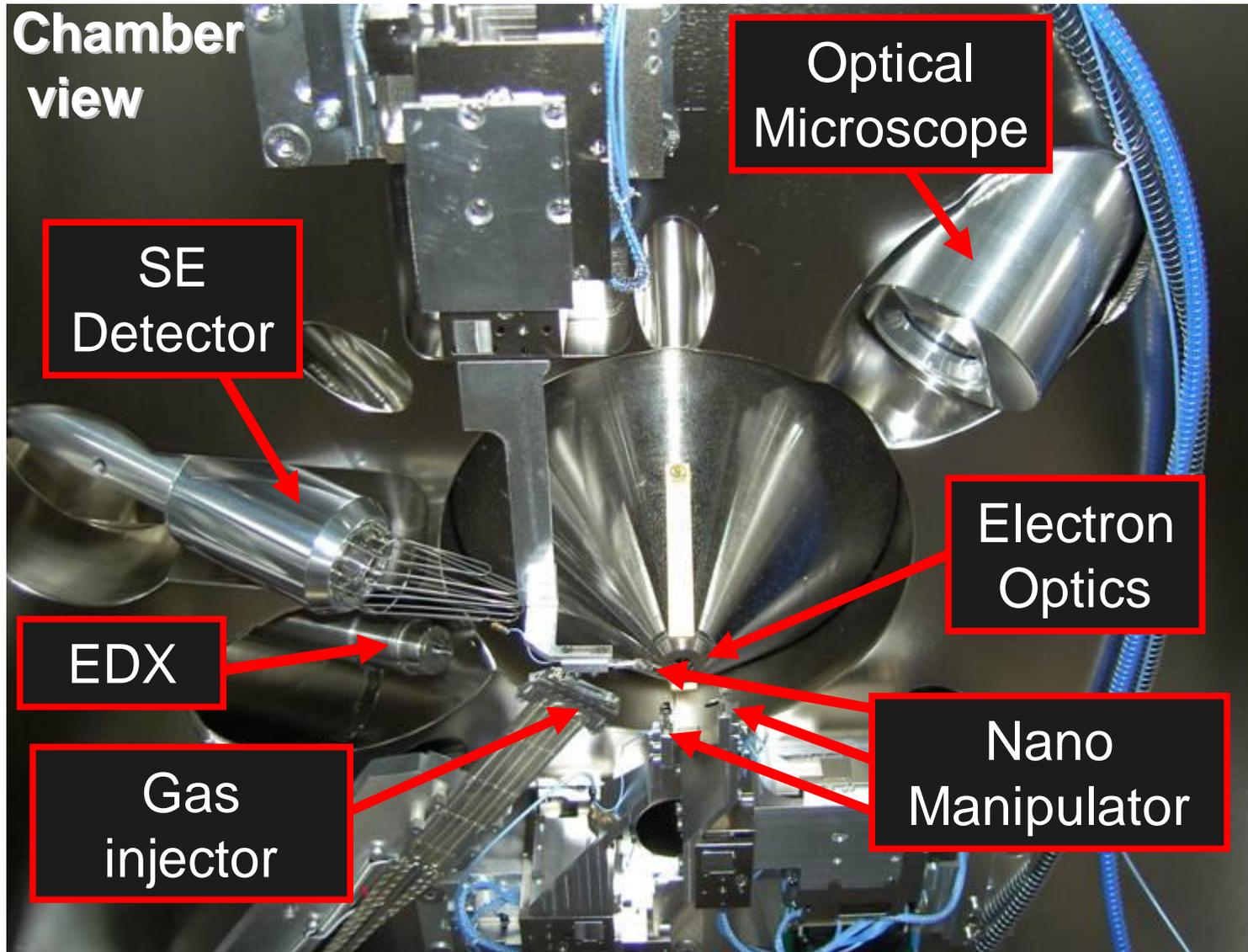
## PLUS: Advanced Nanotechnology / Nanoengineering applications

- E-beam induced surface modification
  - Electron beam induced material deposition (EBID)  
(also referred to as e-beam CVD)
  - Electron beam etching
- Nano probing / manipulation
  - In Situ electrical measurements on Nano Devices
  - In Situ manipulation of Nano Structures
- X-ray analytics

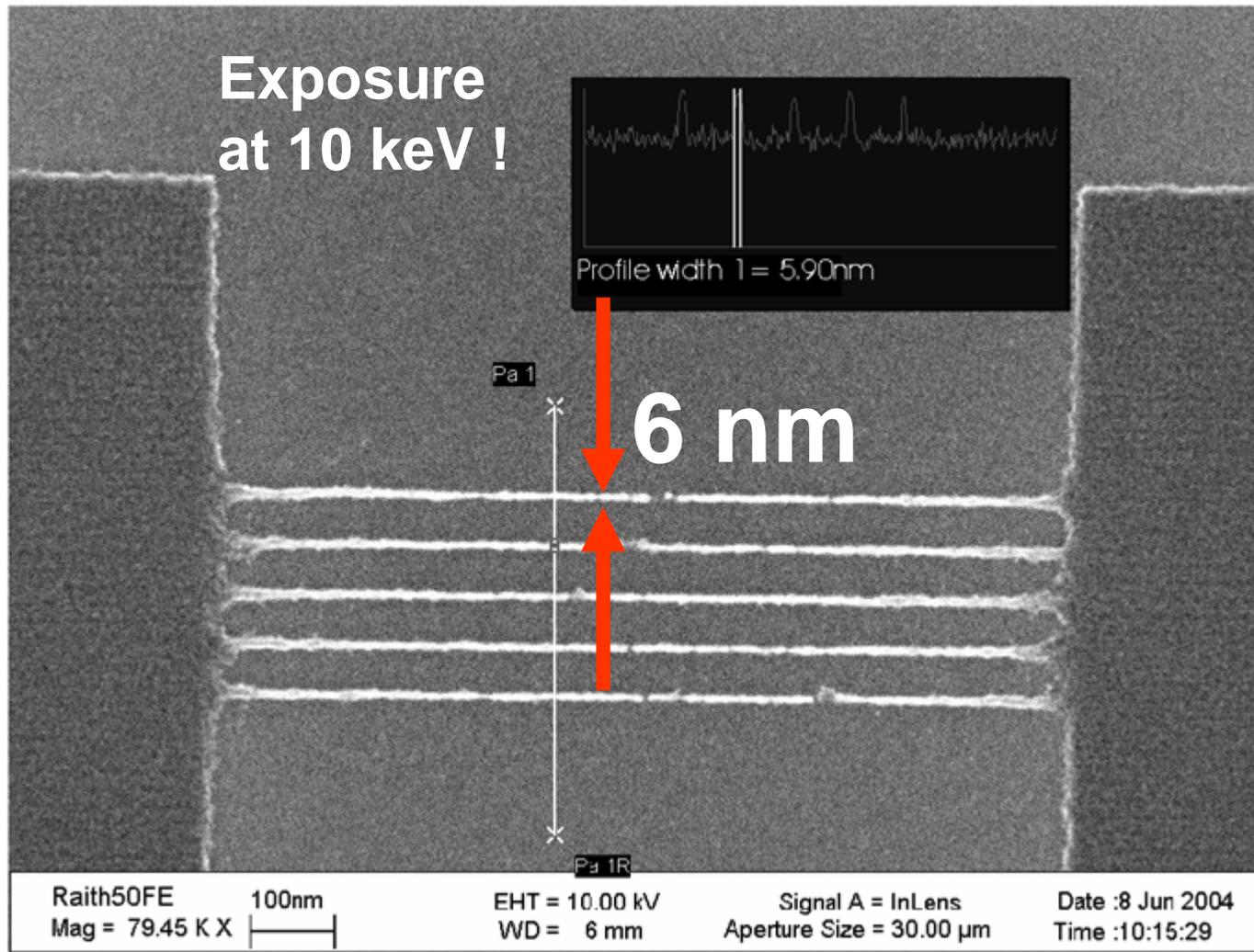
# e\_LiNE conceptual configuration top view



## Collision free system integration



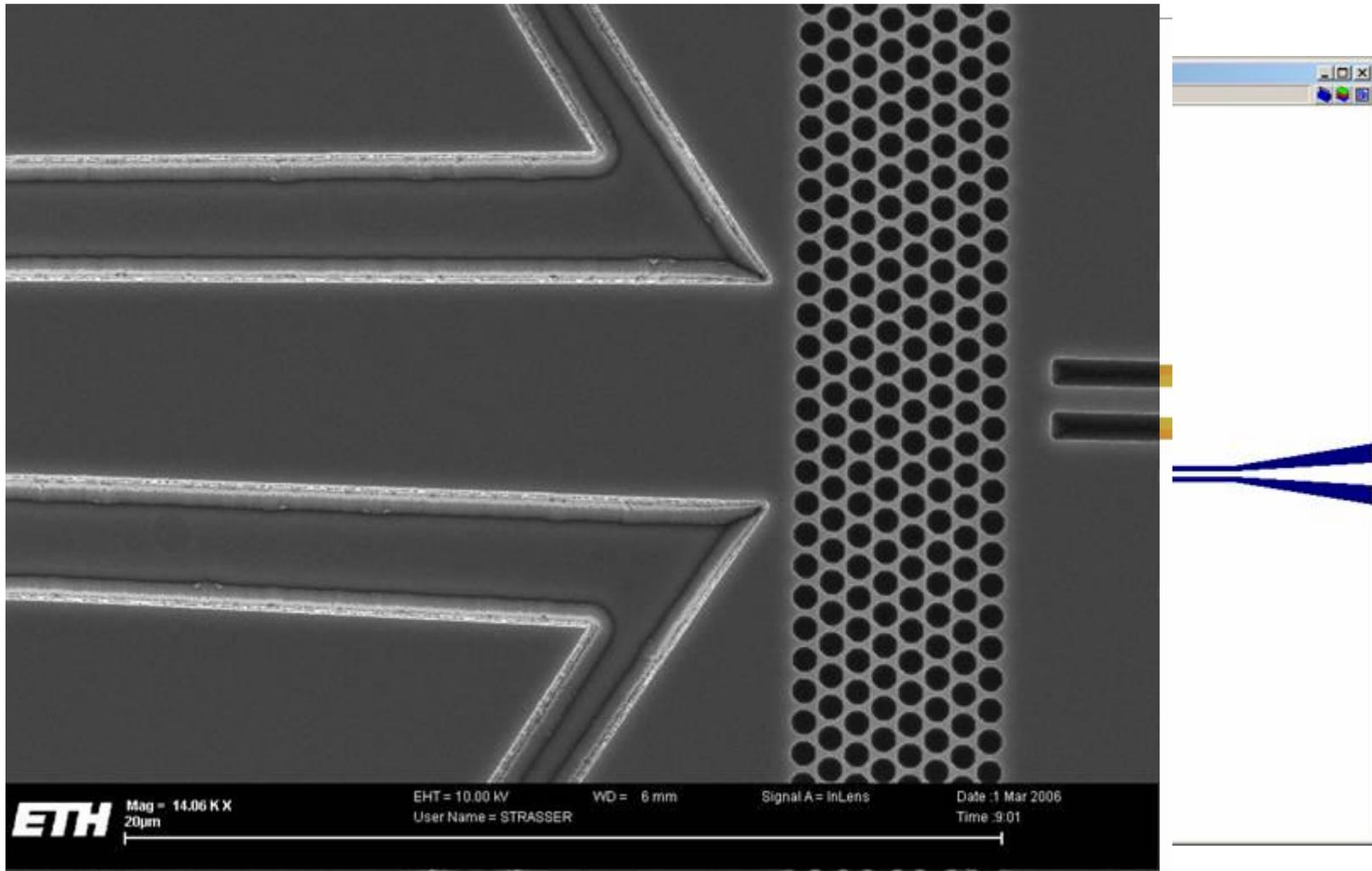
# Applications – Ultra High Resolution



6nm lines exposed in HSQ resist at 10 keV only, D. Lucas, Raith inhouse

# Test structure for PhC transmission measurement, Proximity Corrected

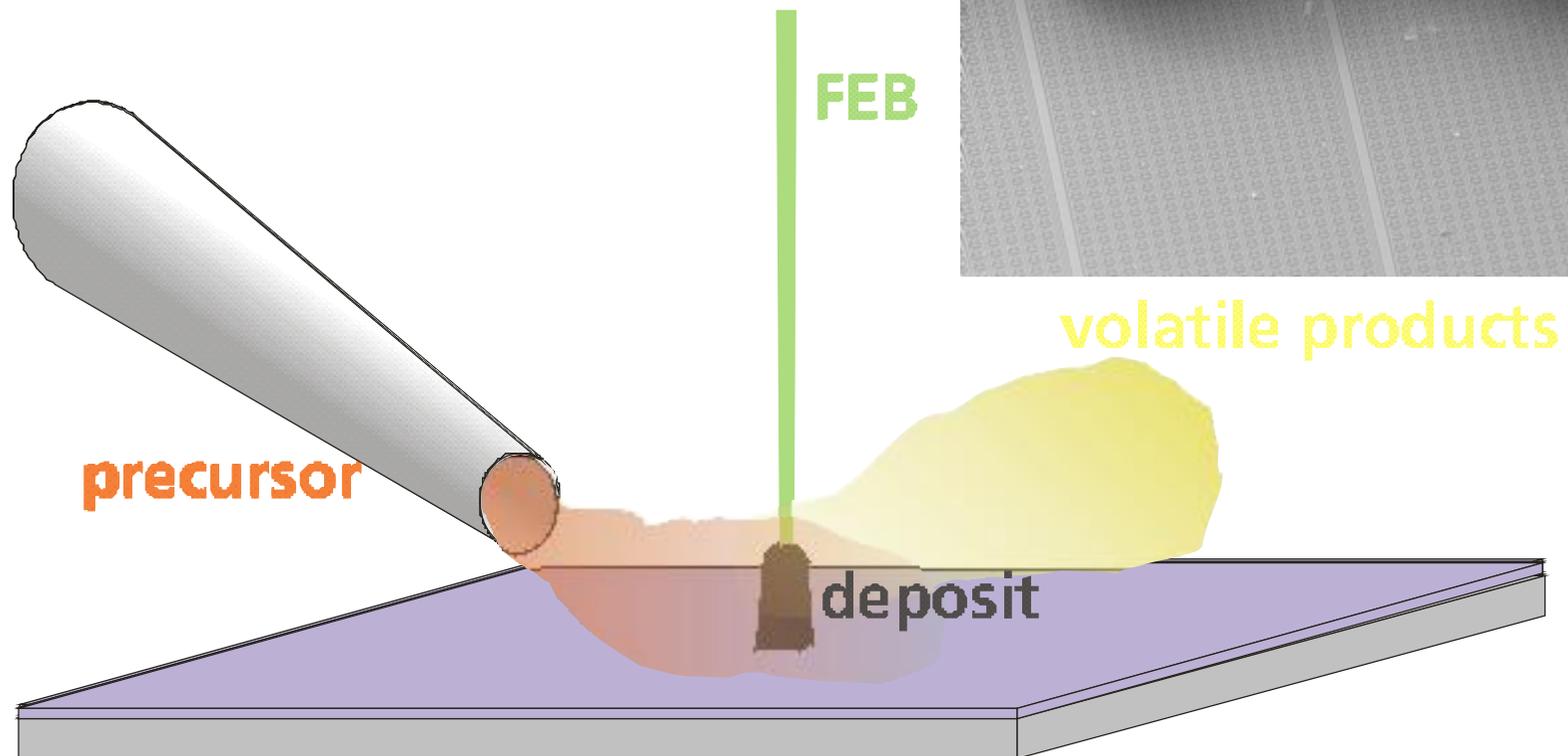
F. Robin, ETH Zürich & Raith GmbH



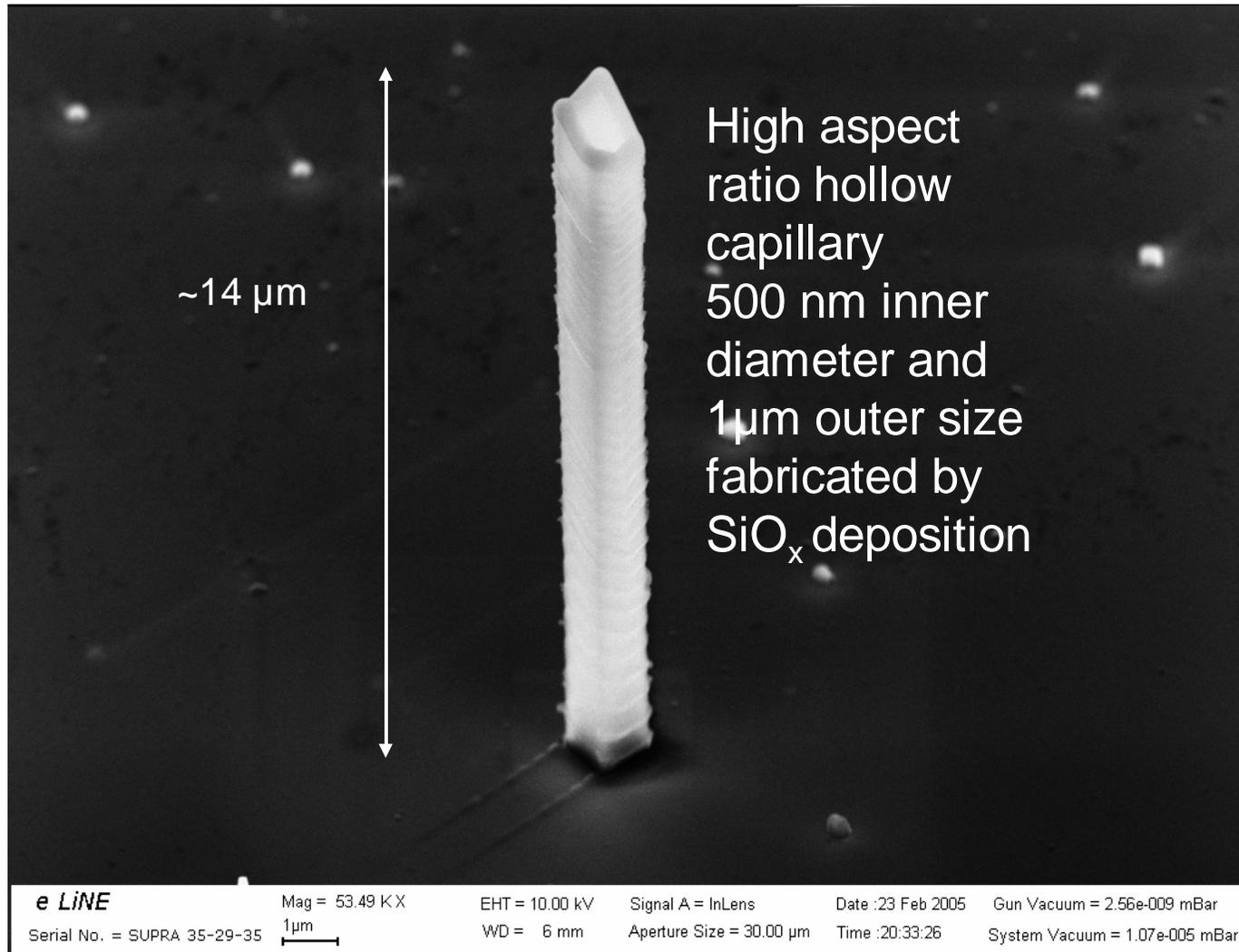
Cross-Section of Proximity Corrected Exposure Region

# Electron Beam Induced Deposition

- various parameters: energy, beam current, substrate, dose, pressure, .....

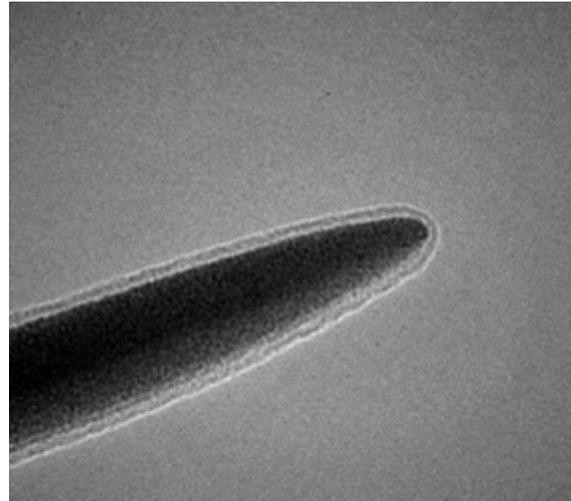


# Electron Beam Induced Deposition



„Nano-Chimney“, A. Linden, Raith inhouse

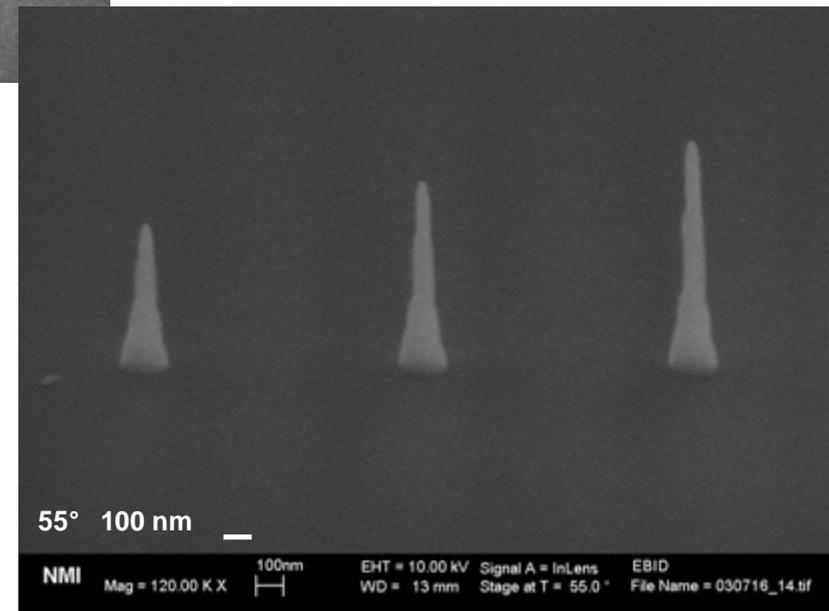
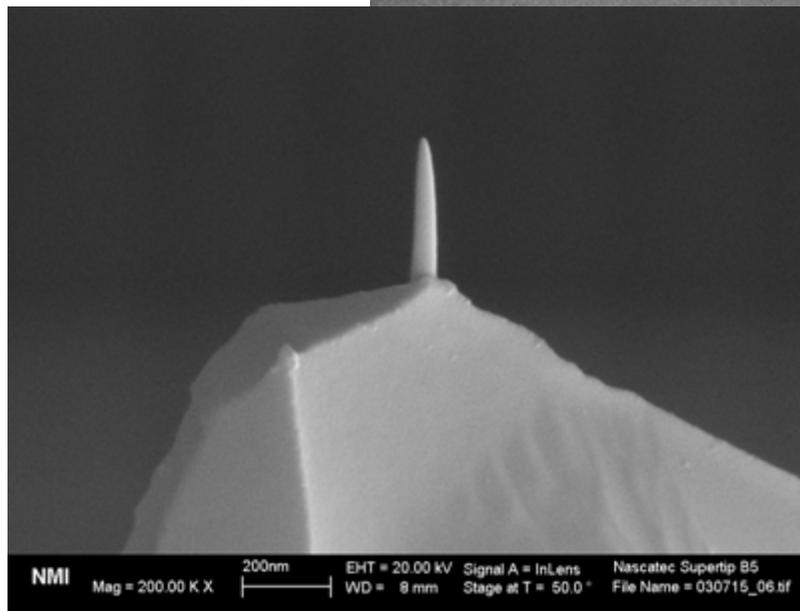
# Electron Beam Induced Deposition



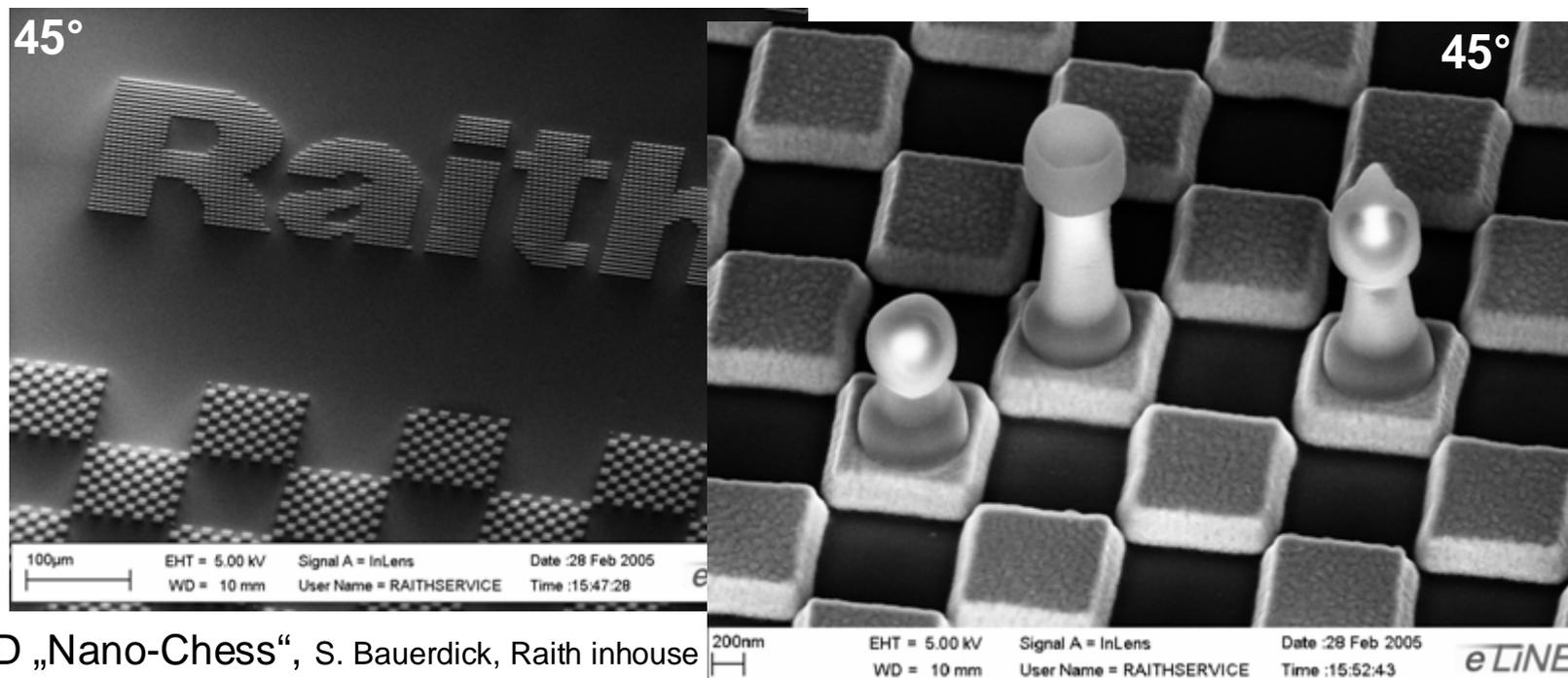
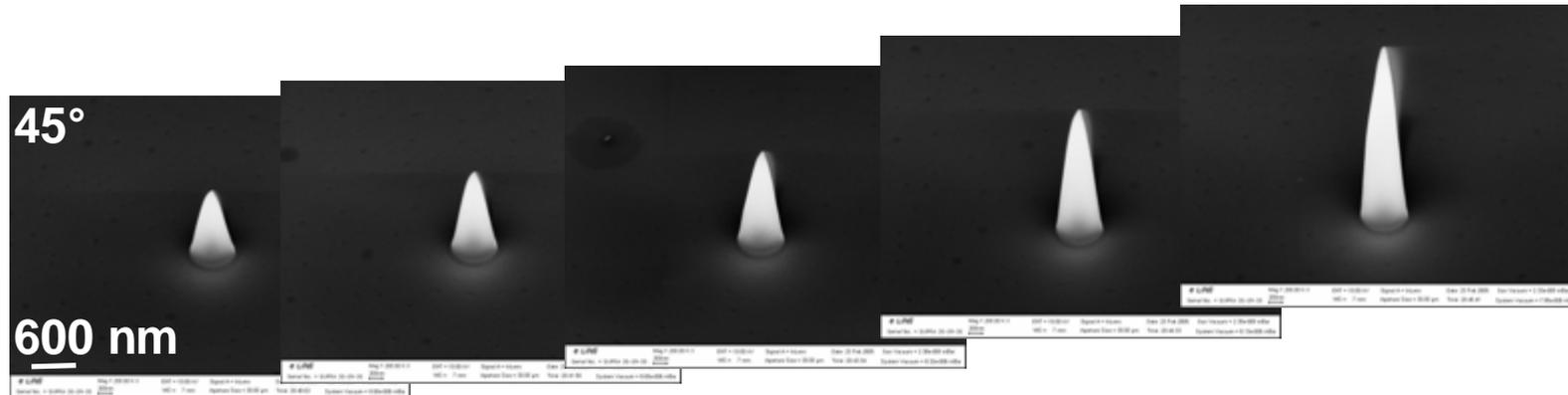
Nano tip curvature radius  
approx. 5 nm

AFM supertips

(courtesy Nisch, NMI Reutlingen, Germany)

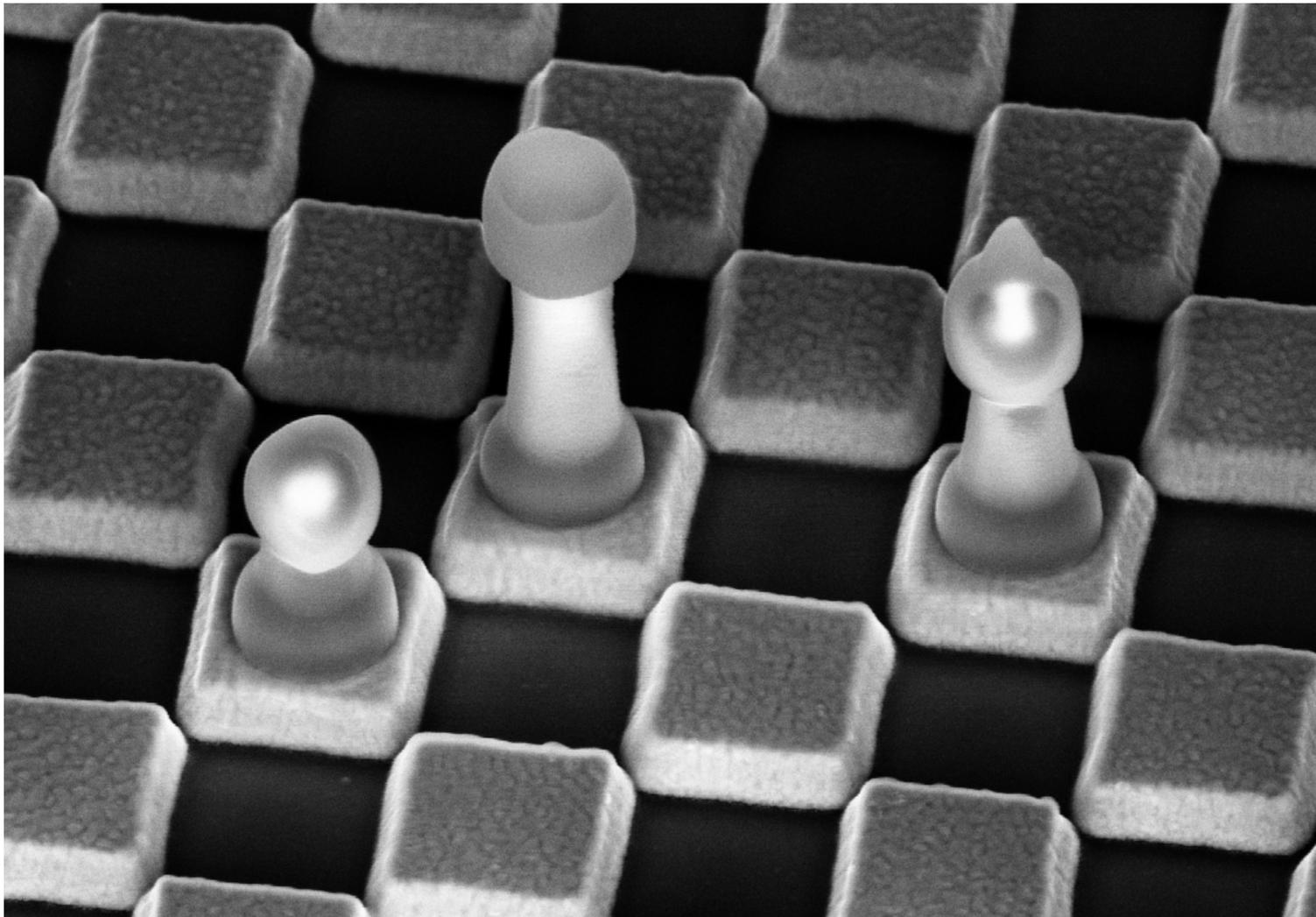


# EBID of SiO<sub>x</sub>



3D „Nano-Chess“, S. Bauerdick, Raith inhouse

# Applications – Electron Beam Induced Deposition



200nm



EHT = 5.00 kV

WD = 10 mm

Signal A = InLens

User Name = RAITHSERVICE

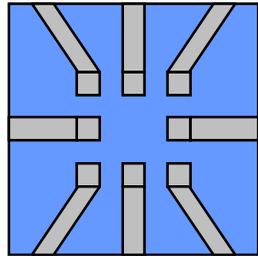
Date :28 Feb 2005

Time :15:52:43

eLINE

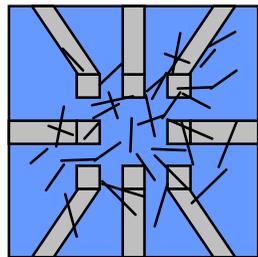
# Latest applications – EBID

SiO<sub>2</sub> sample with Au electrodes

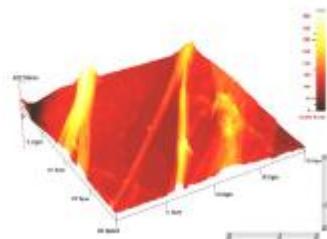


SWCNTs on SiO<sub>2</sub>  
in co-operation with ETH Zürich

Random placement of SWCNTs (1.3 nm diameter) on SiO<sub>2</sub> sample



Detection of applicable SWCNTs with the help of an AFM

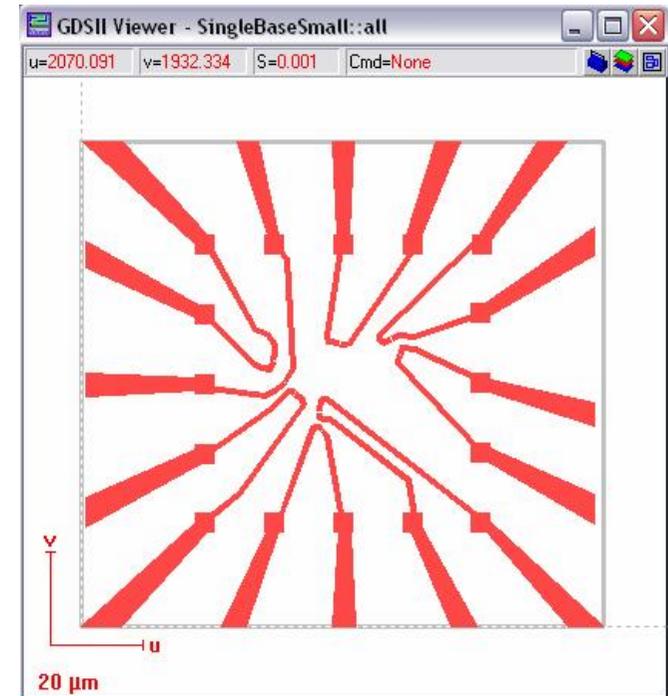


# Latest applications – EBID

Automatic preparation of matching design

Import to GDSII-editor of *e\_LiNE* software

Preparation of exposure batch job (positionlist)

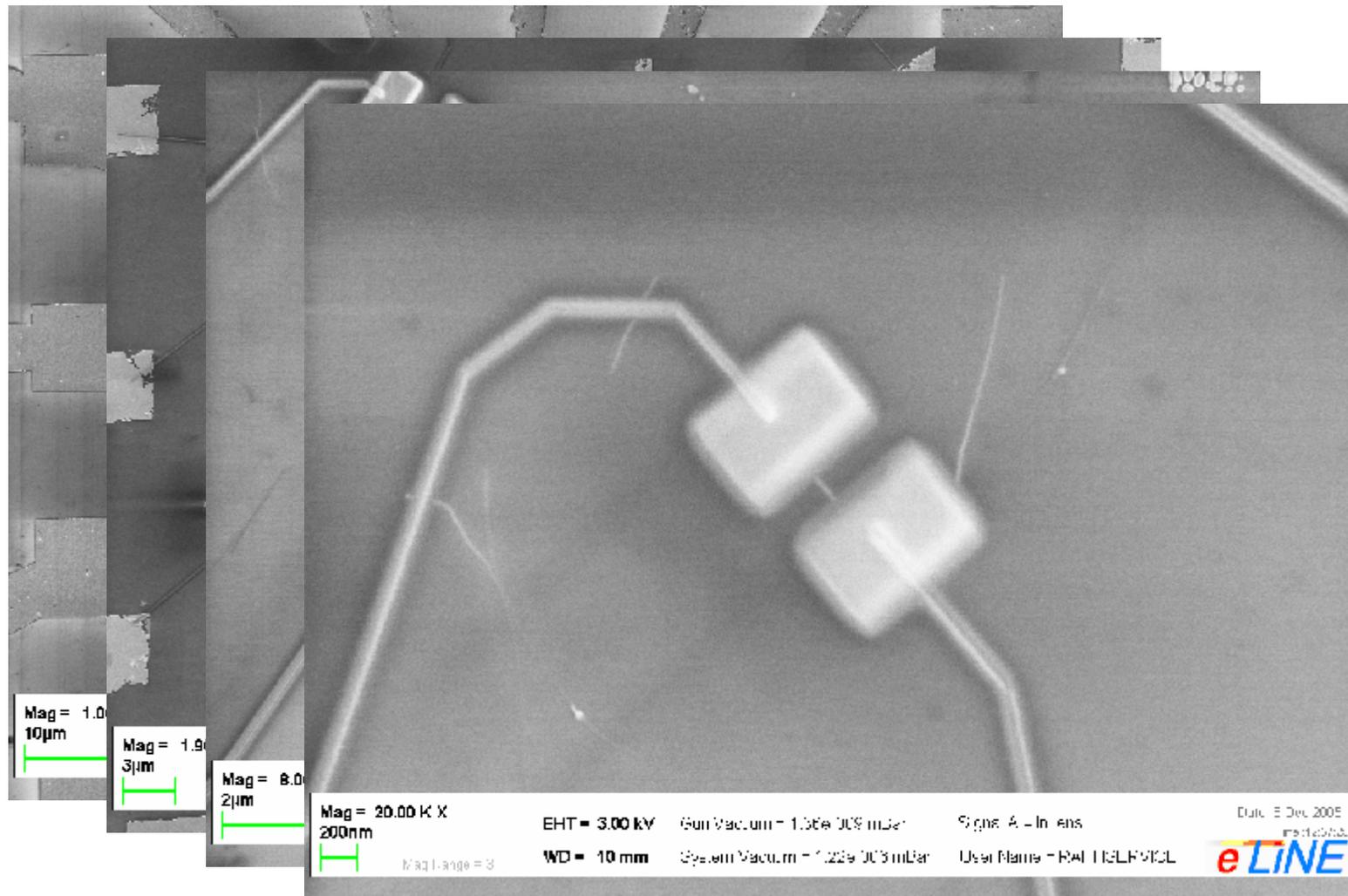


The screenshot shows a software interface with a table of data. The table has columns for "Index", "Name", "Status", "Template", "Comment", "Action", "Type", "PosX(μm)", and "PosY(μm)". The data rows contain numerical values and text labels, representing the preparation of an exposure batch job.

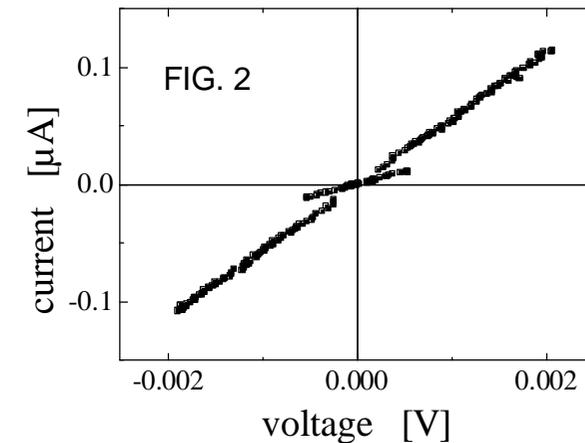
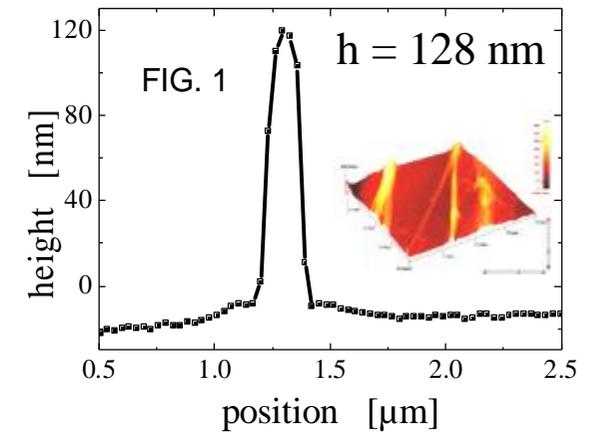
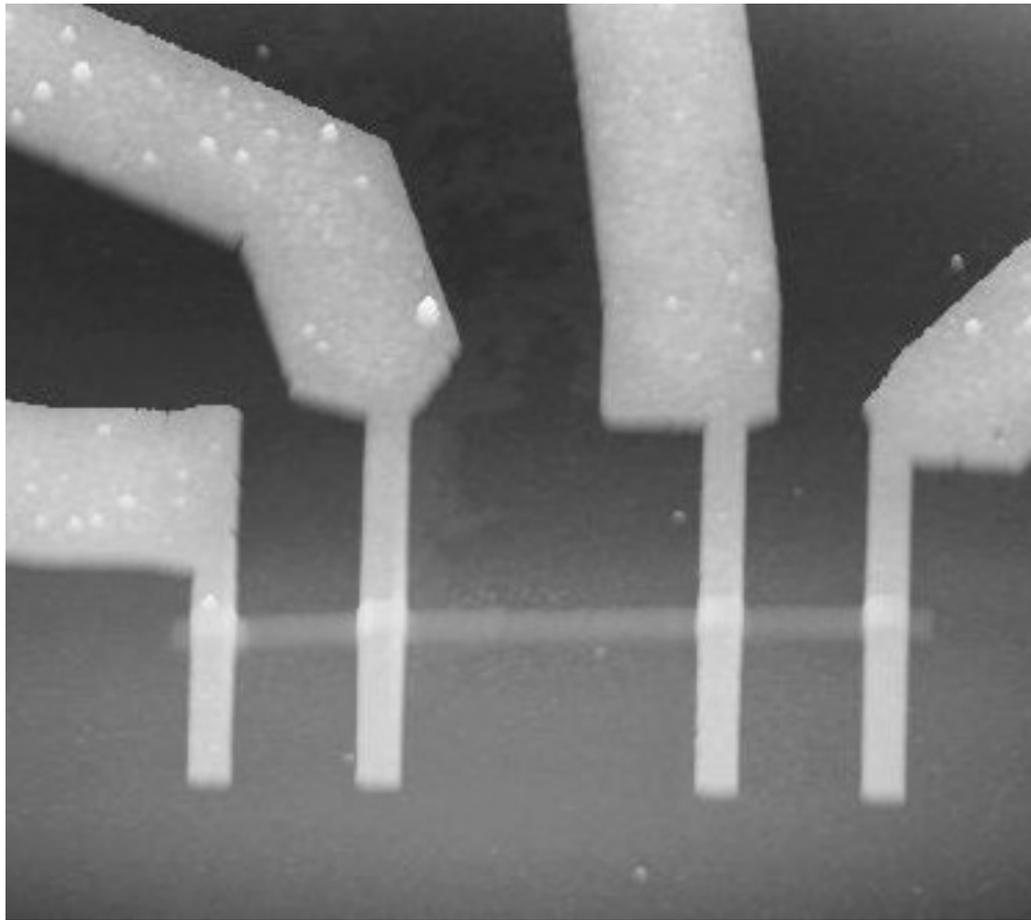
Index	Name	Status	Template	Comment	Action	Type	PosX(μm)	PosY(μm)
1	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
2	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
3	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
4	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
5	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
6	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
7	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
8	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
9	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
10	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
11	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
12	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
13	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
14	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
15	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
16	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
17	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
18	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000
19	2.00000.2.00000.00	OK	single_etchp	ETCH	ETCH	ETCH	75.000	75.000

# Latest applications – EBID

## Exposure results



# Latest applications – EBID



**4 point measurement array for conductivity measurement of deposited material by EBID**

FIG. 1. AFM measurements of EBID rectangles used for conductivity tests => **down to  $4.5 \cdot 10^{-3} \Omega \cdot \text{cm}$  !**

FIG. 2. Electrical 4 point measurement of a 70 nm wide EBID rectangle exposed using a dwell time of 300 ms. From the 4 point results a barrier like characteristics due to the gold – EBID interface becomes apparent.

# Latest applications – EBID

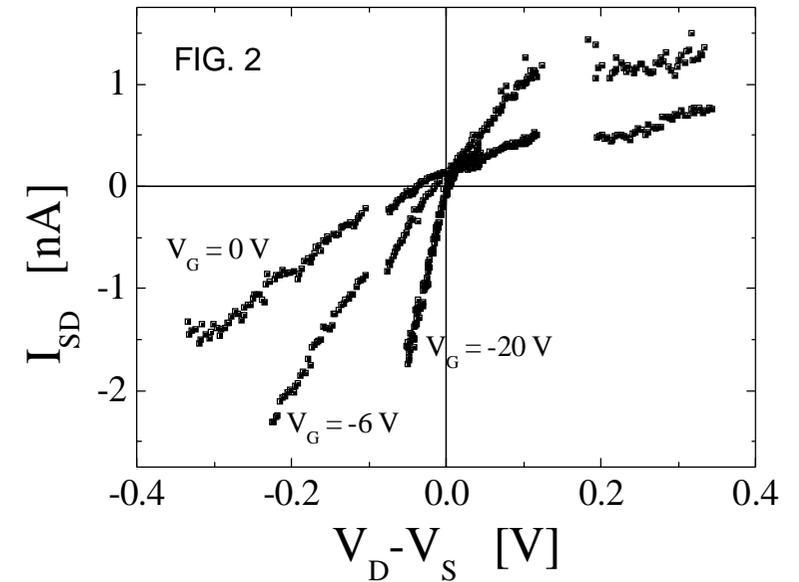
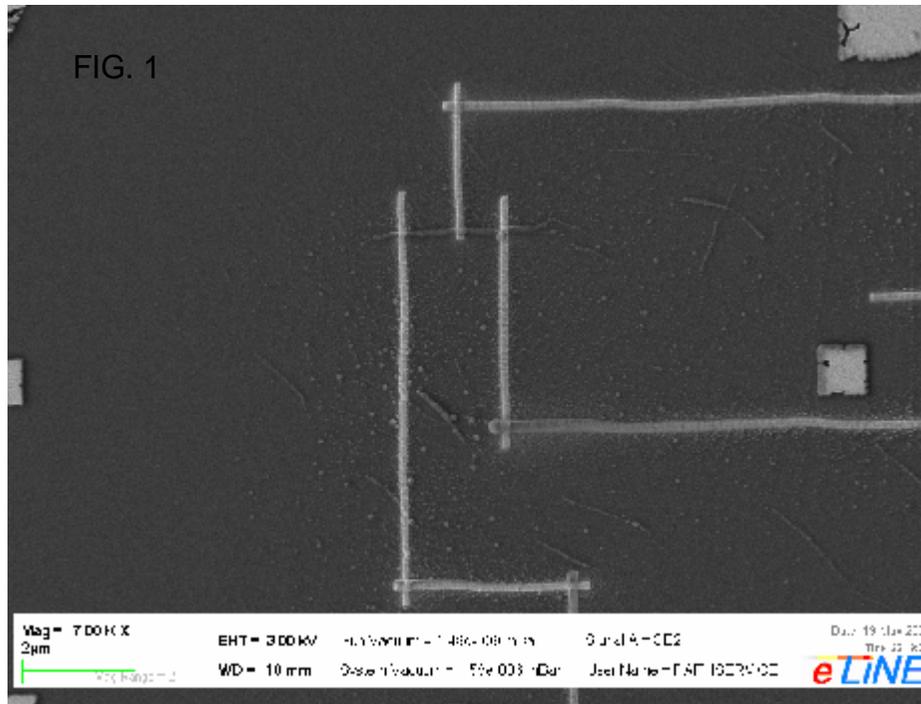


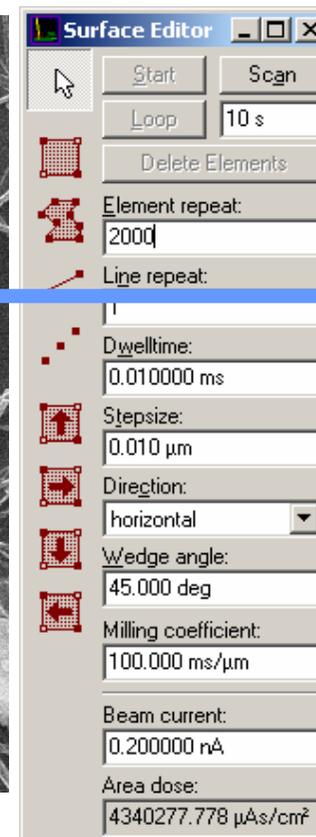
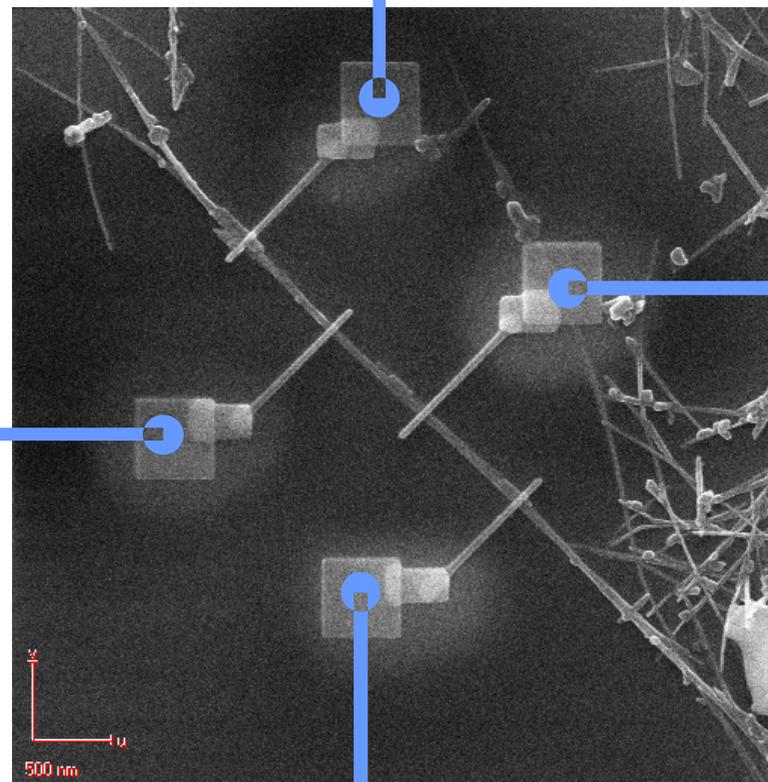
FIG. 1. SEM micrographs showing a 3 point wiring of CNTs fabricated by EBID.

FIG. 2. Transistor characteristics of the CNT shown in Fig. 1 using EBID wiring, 3 point measurement and a back gate (200 nm  $\text{SiO}_2$ ), source-drain current vs. voltage for various gate voltages

To be published in JVST B, S. Bauerdick et al.

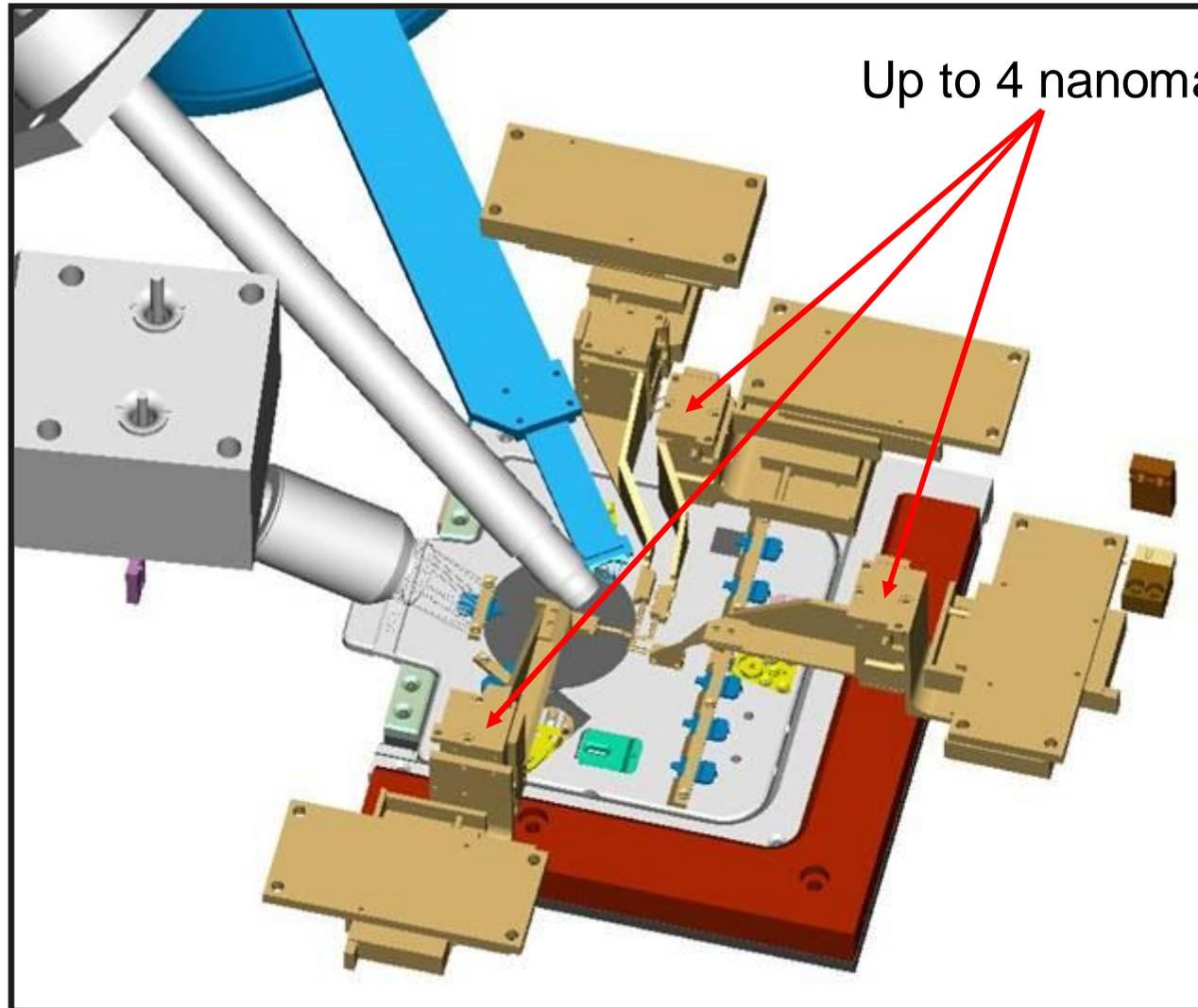
# Latest applications - EBID

Nanomanipulator



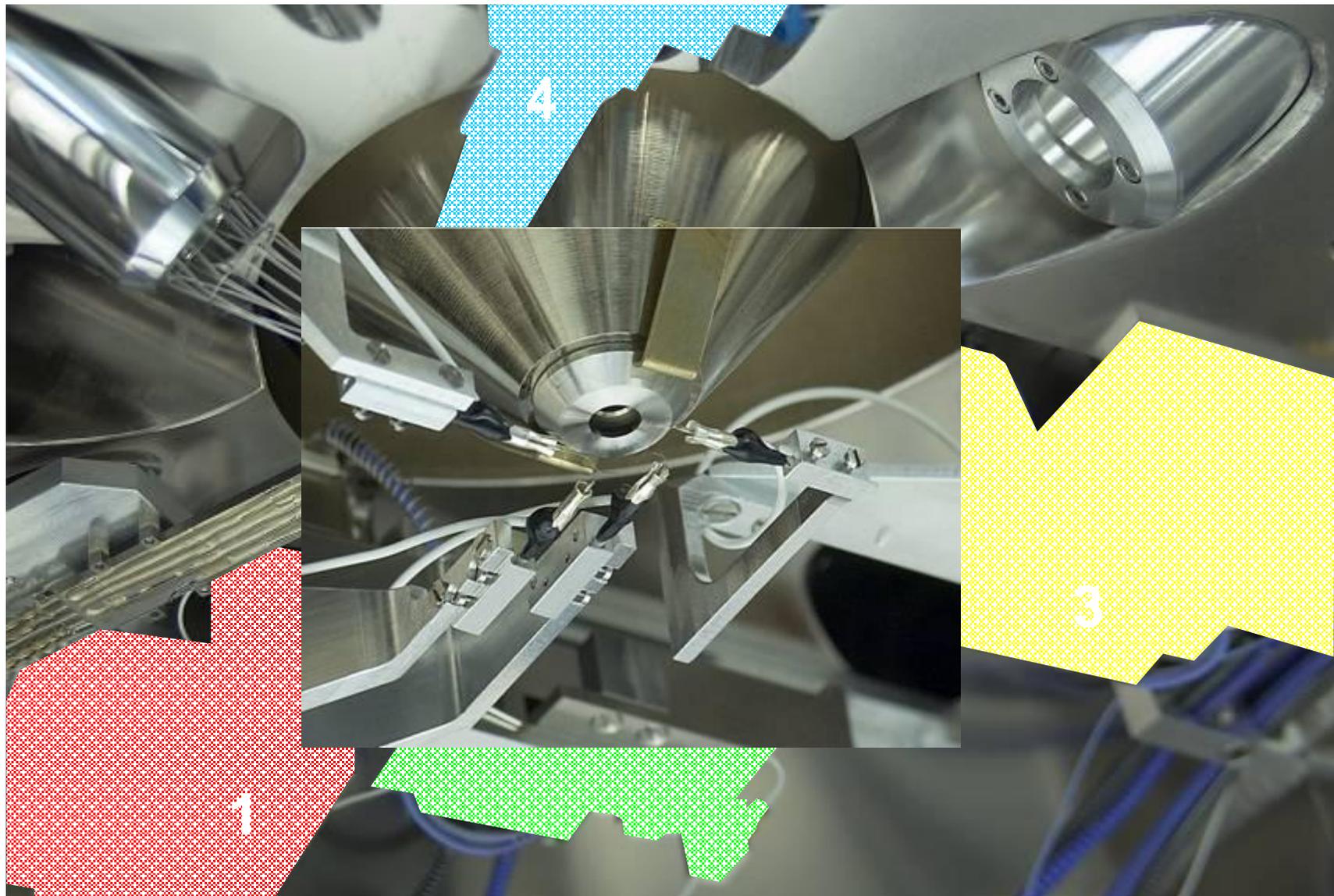
„Wiring“ of CNTs on SiO<sub>2</sub>-sample (by metalorganic precursor deposition)  
S. Bauerdick, Raith inhouse

## Nano-Manipulators (CAD top view)

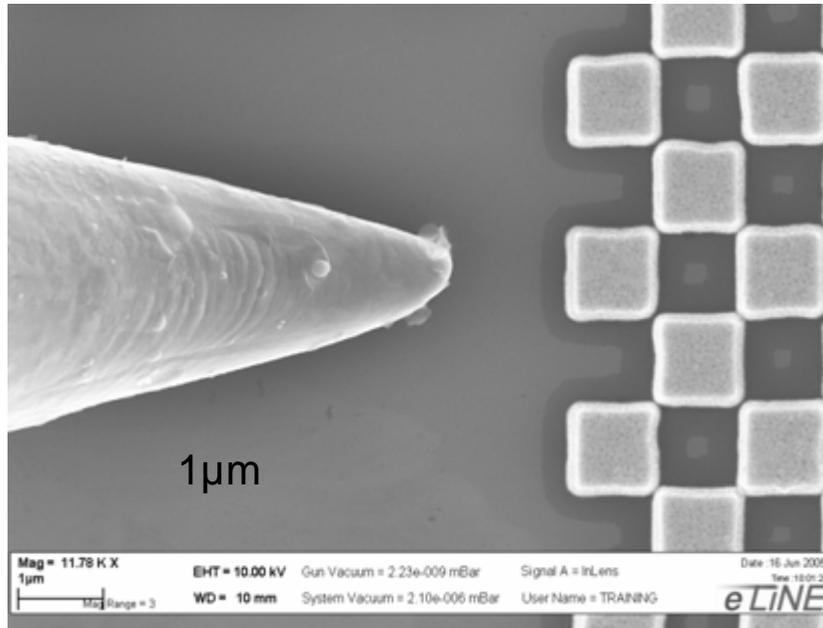


Up to 4 nanomanipulators !

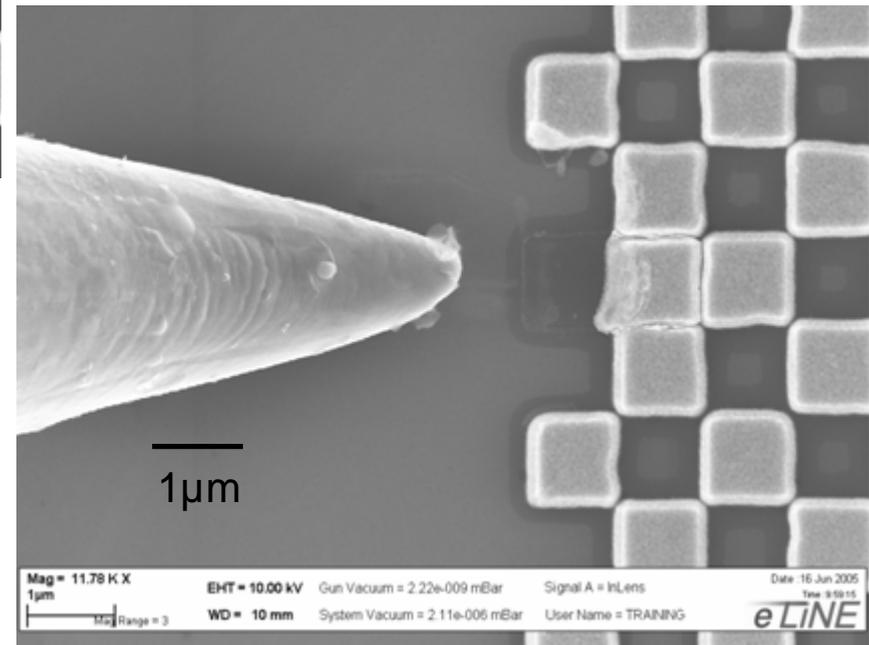
## 4 Nanomanipulators arranged



# Nanomanipulator applications

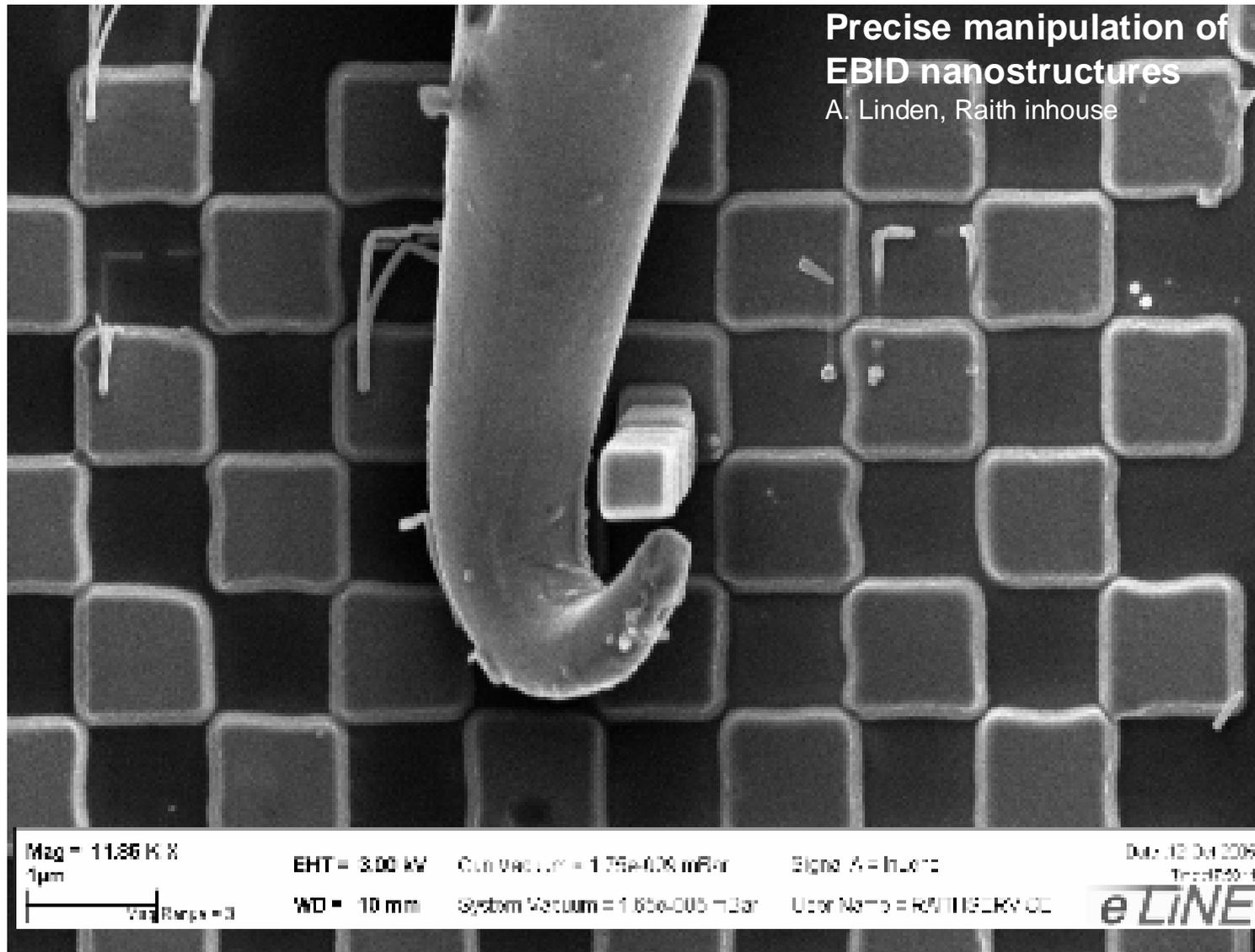


„Nano-Sokoban“

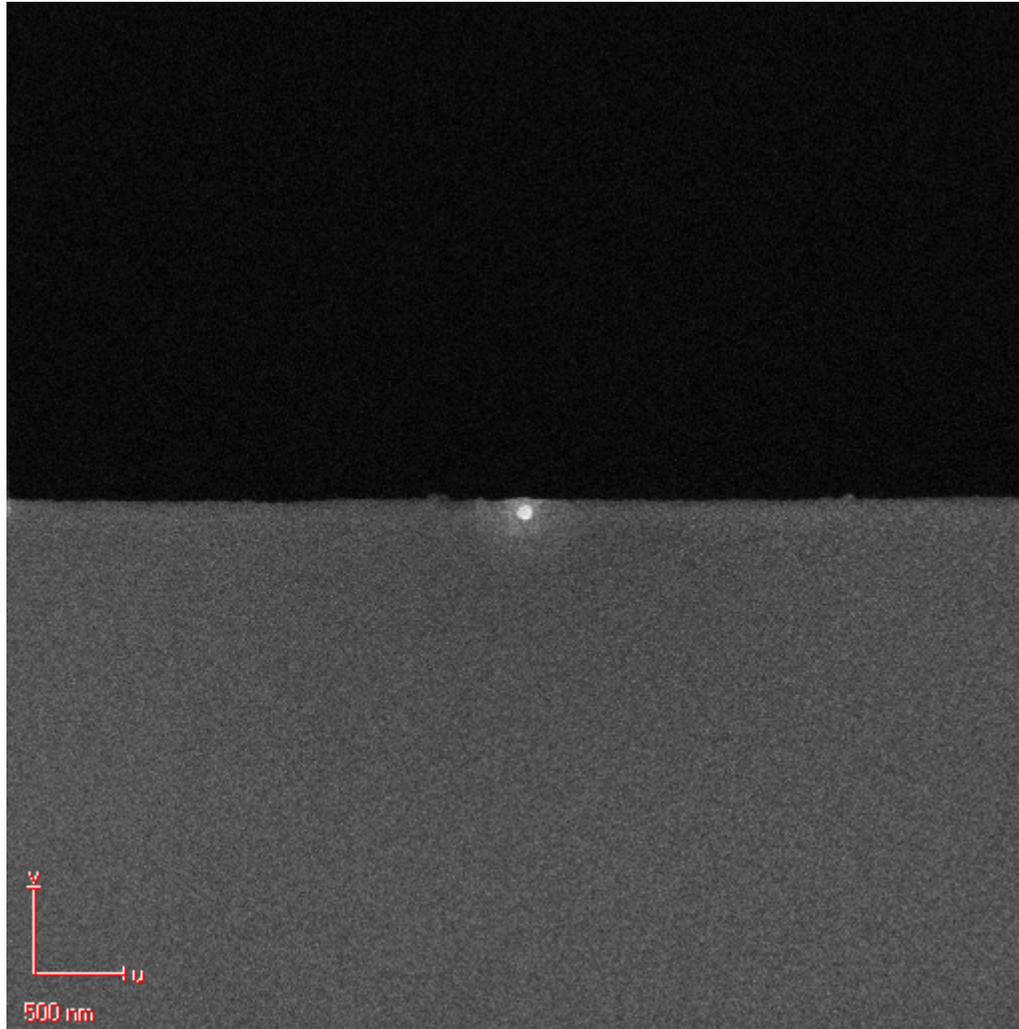


A.Linden, S. Bauerdick, Raith inhouse

# EBID *and* Nanomanipulation



# EBID *and* Nanomanipulation



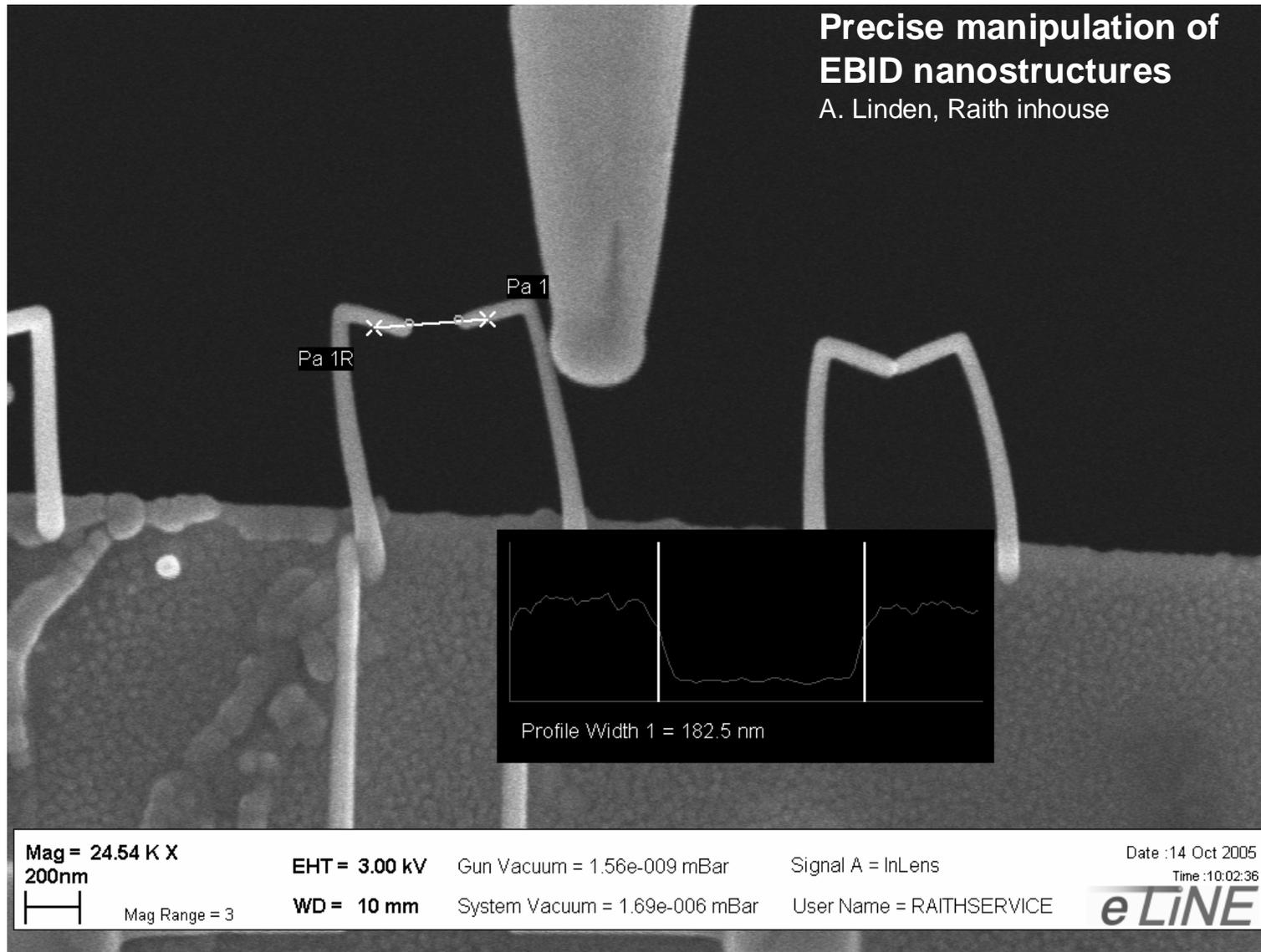
## EBID and manipulation of small nanostructures

A. Linden, Raith inhouse

# EBID *and* Nanomanipulation

## Precise manipulation of EBID nanostructures

A. Linden, Raith inhouse



# EBID / Nanomanipulator applications

EBID / NMT Movie

**Further new EBL Functionality ...**

**Fixed Beam Moving Stage (FBMS) Mode**

# Fixed Beam Moving Stage Applications

**Typical FBMS applications are extended (curved) paths**

- with a length several mm or cm
- with a fixed width in the range of 20 nm to 20  $\mu\text{m}$
- where stitching errors are crucial for the performance of the device
- where a large number of stitching borders would result in long exposure times

# FBMS Mode: Principles of Operation



Stage travels at constant speed along (curved) paths of any length and shape - with stationary beam

- à Avoids stitchfield boundaries
- à Effective for extended paths

## A. Spot Mode



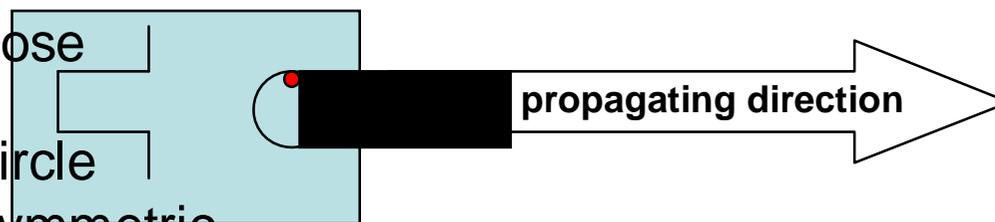
## B. Area Mode

constant

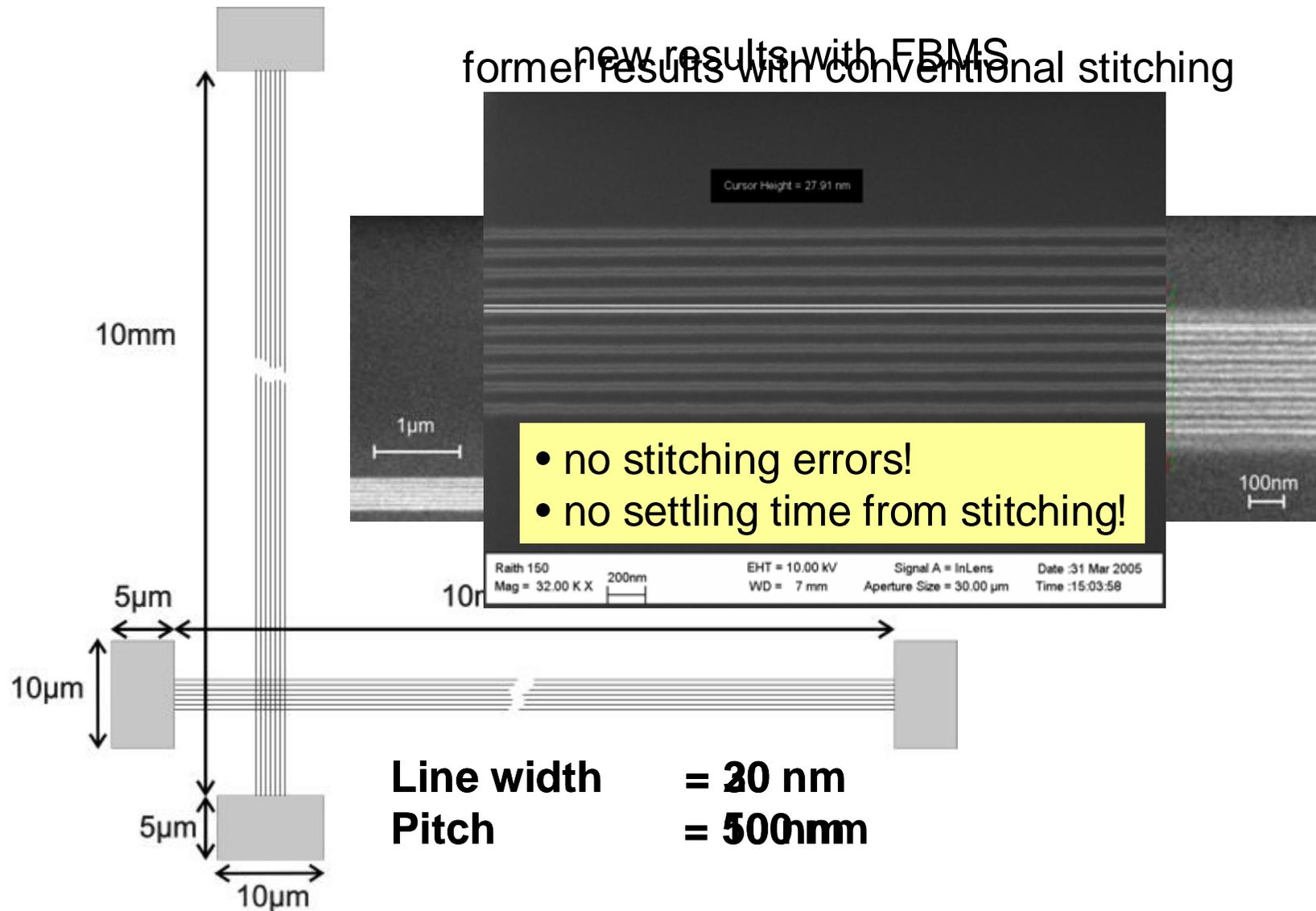
dose

circle

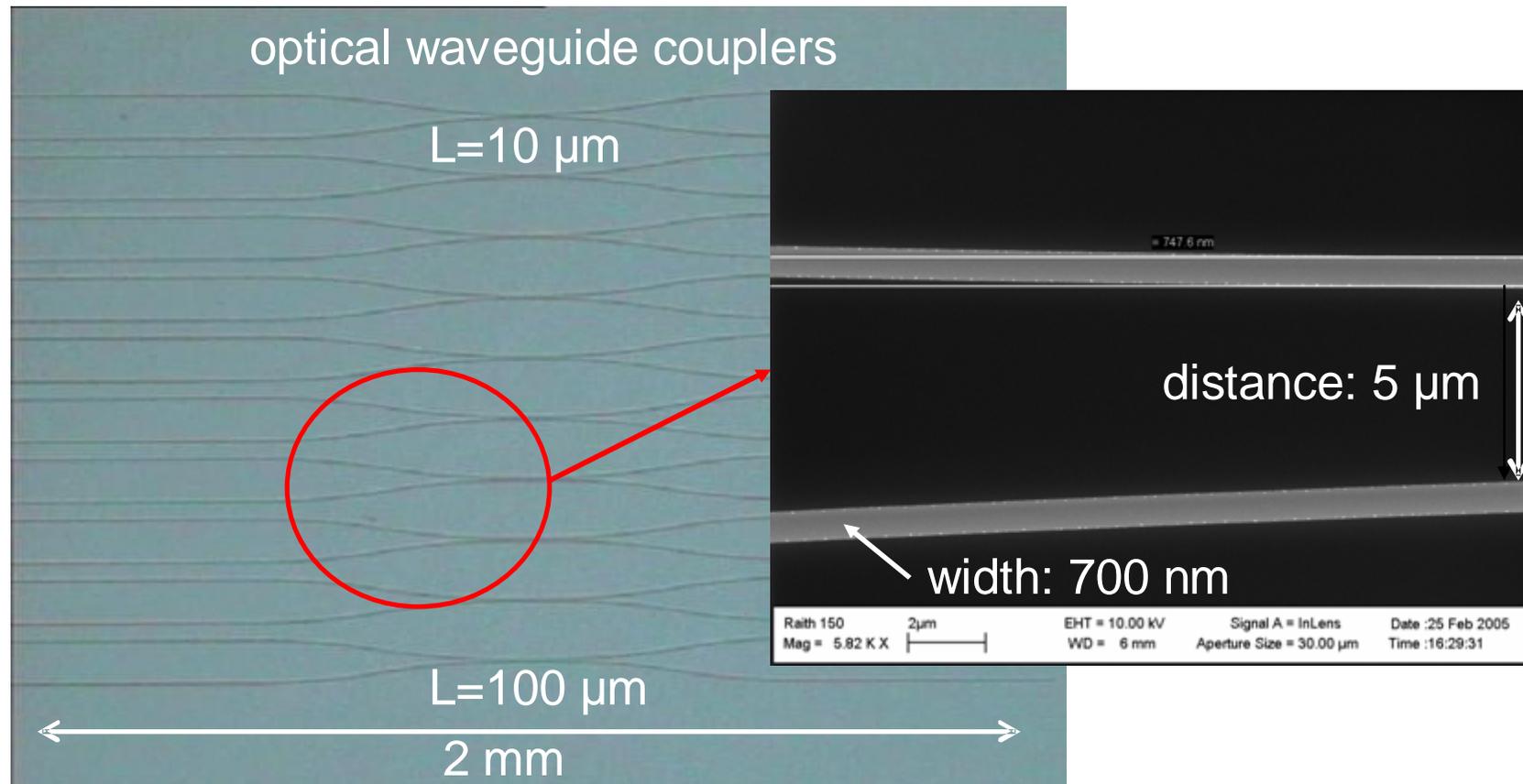
symmetric



# Application Example

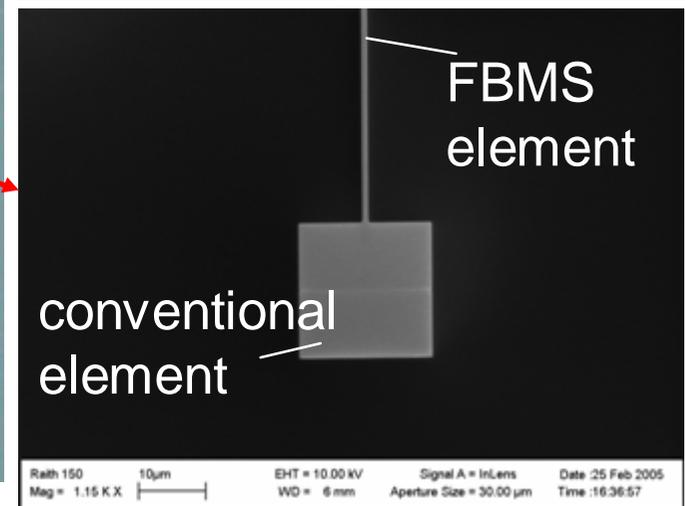
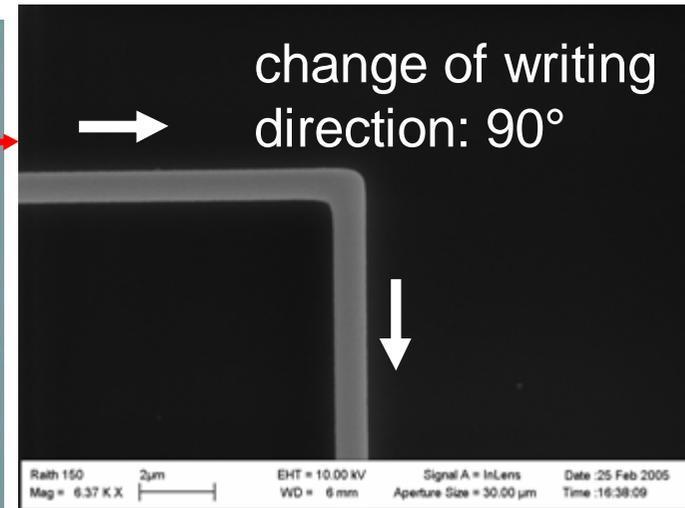
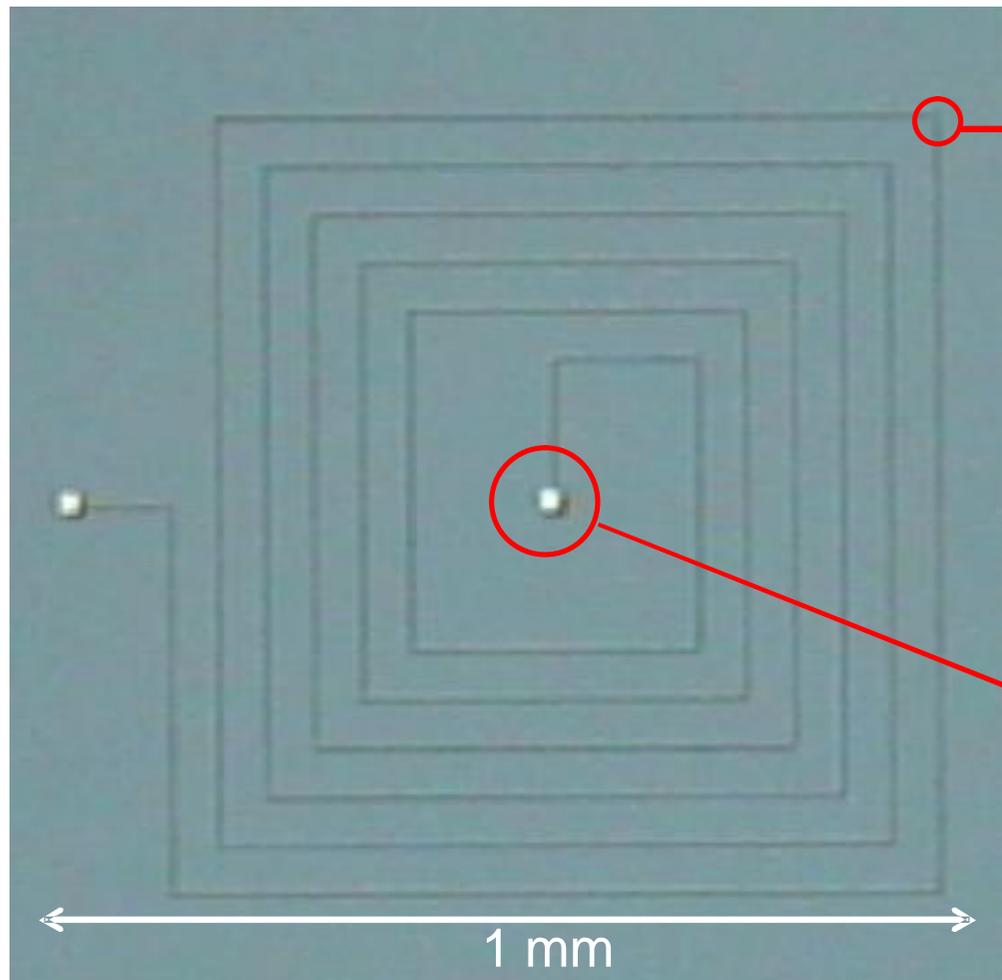


# FBMS Application: Optical Waveguides



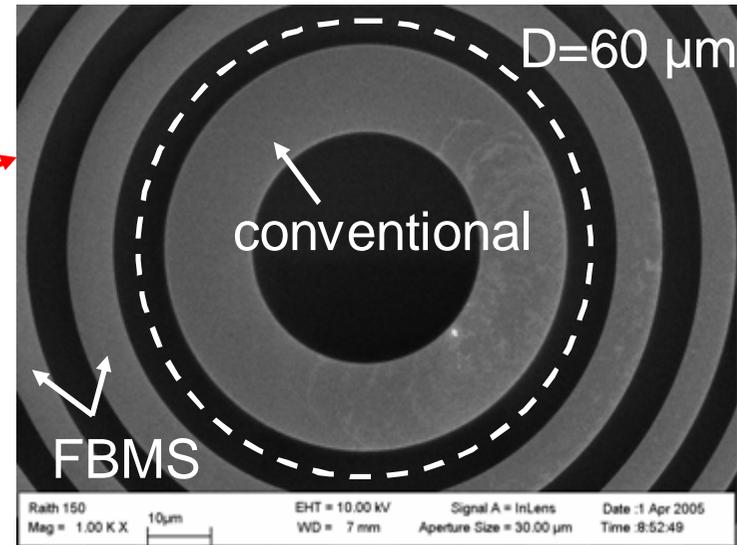
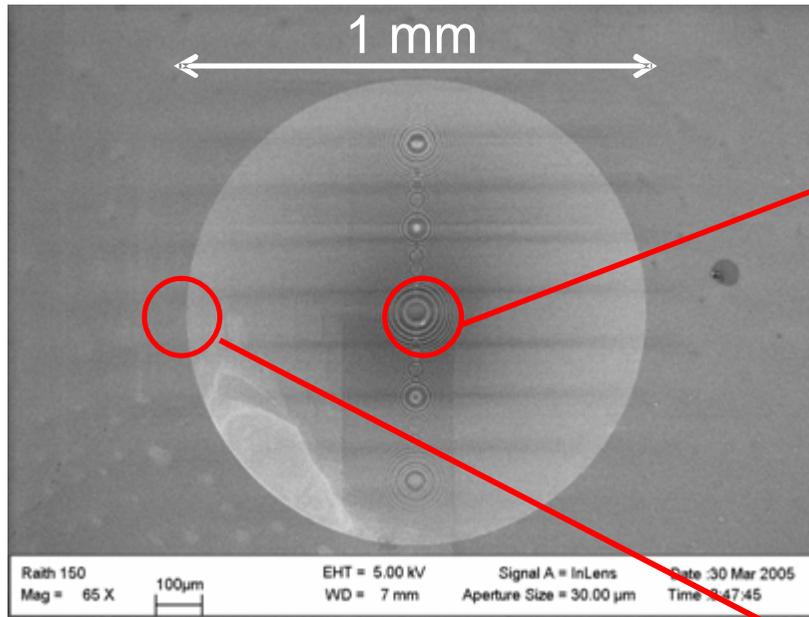
Minimum waveguide losses due to stitching-free FBMS writing!

# FBMS Application: Electrical leads



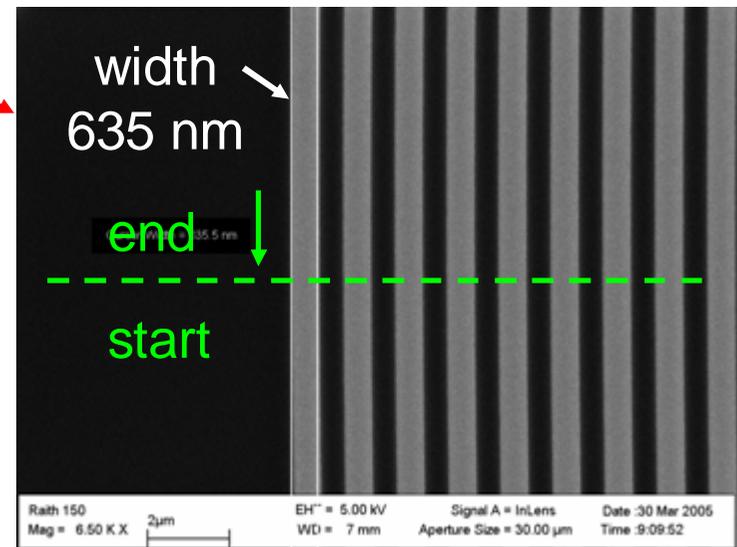
Elongated electrical connections without points of interruption

# FBMS Applications: Zone plates



195 different FBMS path widths in a single exposure.

required dwell time: 43.6 min  
FBMS exposure time: 45 min



# Raith new *ionLINE*

- *ion* beam *L*ithography, *N*anofabrication and *E*ngineering workstation



# Introduction

**ionLINE:**

**ion** beam **Li**thography, **N**anofabrication and **E**ngineering workstation



New class of instrument, no competition against well established Dual/Cross/Double beam systems !

## Raith new **ionLiNE** - concept

- Same platform as e\_LiNE,  
all options possible ...



- Nano lithography tool architecture basis
- Advanced ion beam patterning capabilities
- Simple operation
- High level of system integration

# Raith new **ionLiNE** - main applications

## ● Large area, UHR & low dose processes for ...

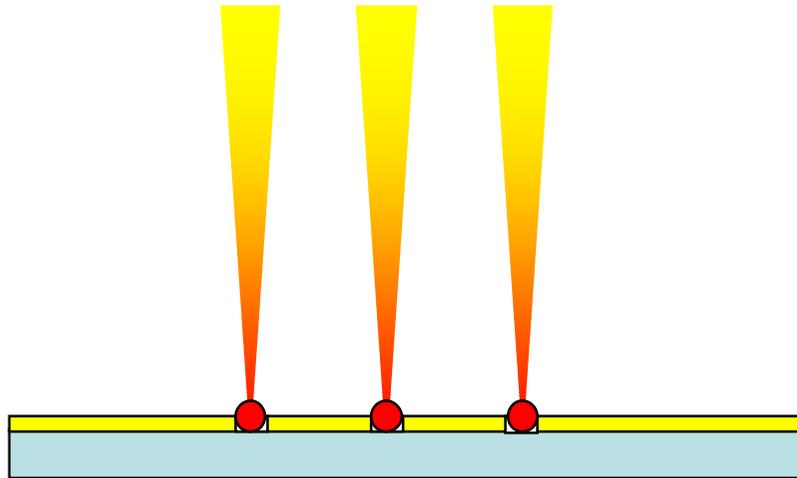
(J. Gierak, talk last monday afternoon)



- Selective epitaxy / self-assembly
- (Magn.) Thin film nanopatterning/-engineering
- Conductive material nanopatterning
- Surface functionalization
- Defect injection / implantation
- Nanopores
- 3D nanoengineering
- ion beam lithography

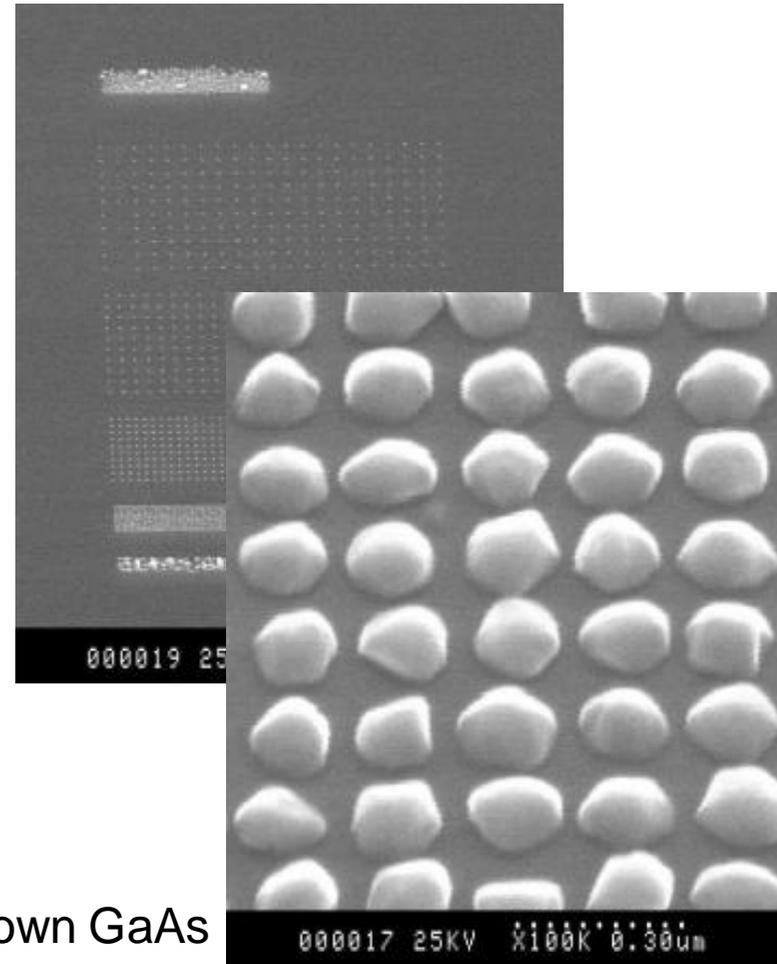
# Selective epitaxial growth by surface “functionalization”

Expose low dose FIB in order to erase protective layer thus opening / „functionalizing“ substrate surface for selective epitaxy



Apply MOCVD for GaAs growth

SEM images of MOCVD grown GaAs (SiNx protective layer)



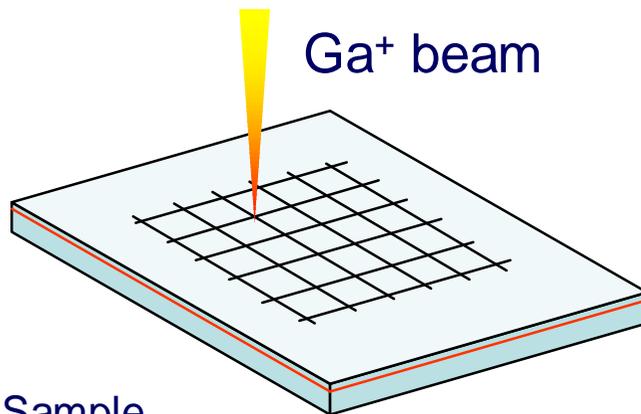
MNE2005 Vienna, Kitslaar et. al.

# Creating small magnetic domains

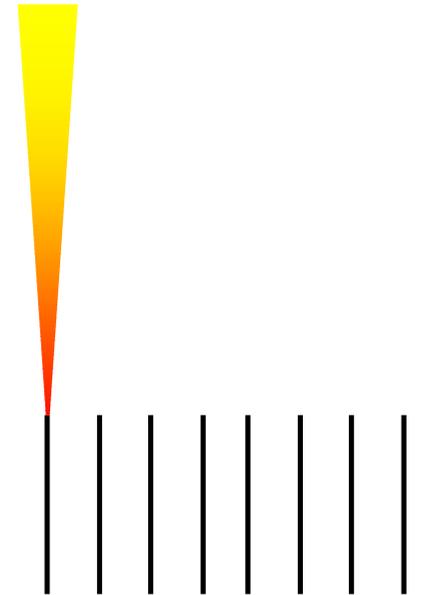
Taylor / create borders between physical active (here: magnetic) areas with low dose and UHR FIB



GDSII Design

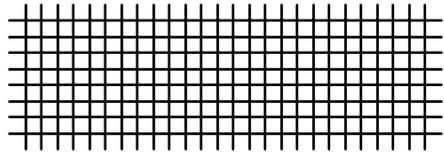


Sample  
Pt(3.4nm)/Co(1.4nm)/Pt(4.5nm)

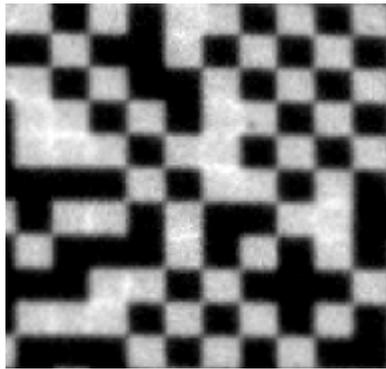


=> **Thin film engineering**

# Creating small magnetic domains



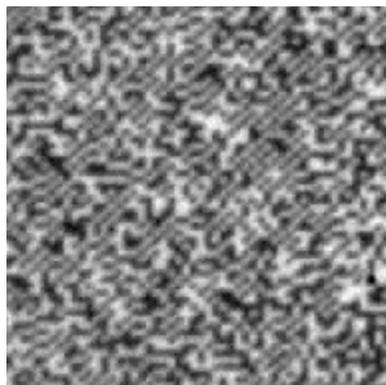
**Taylor / create borders between physical active (magnetic) areas with low dose UHR FIB**



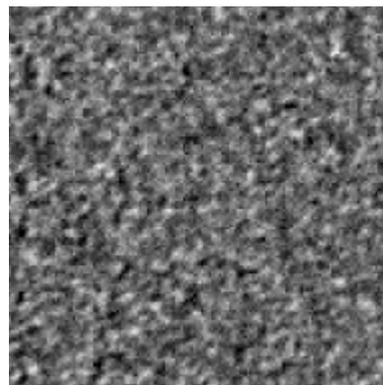
Distance between domain walls  
1500 nm



750 nm

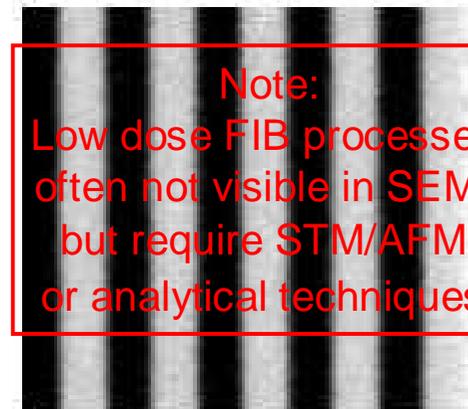
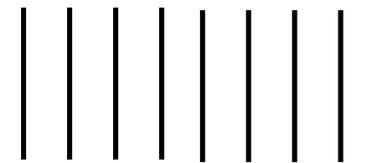


300 nm



50 nm

Faraday microscope image of pre-structured Pt/Co/Pt thin film

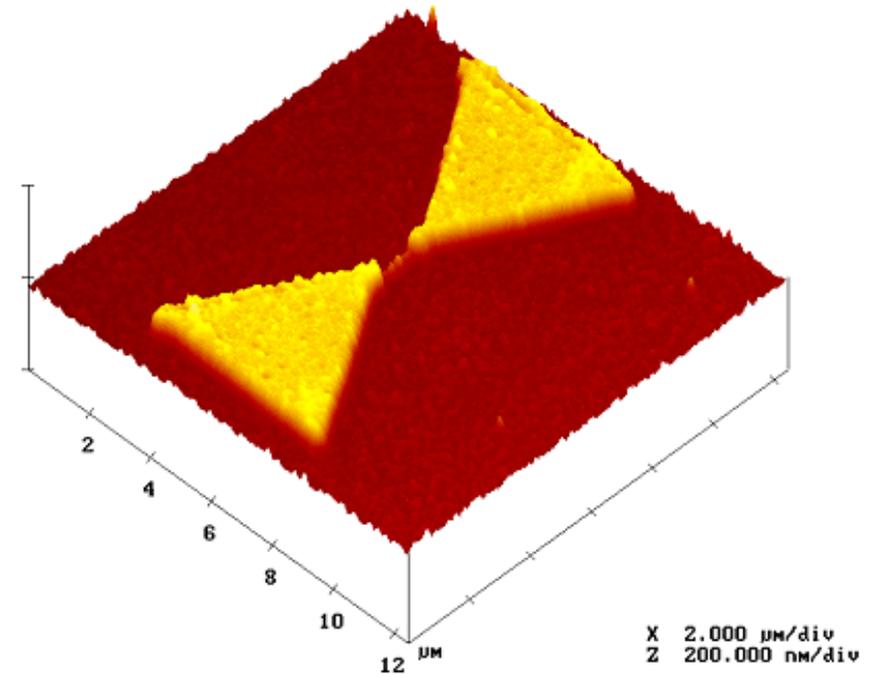
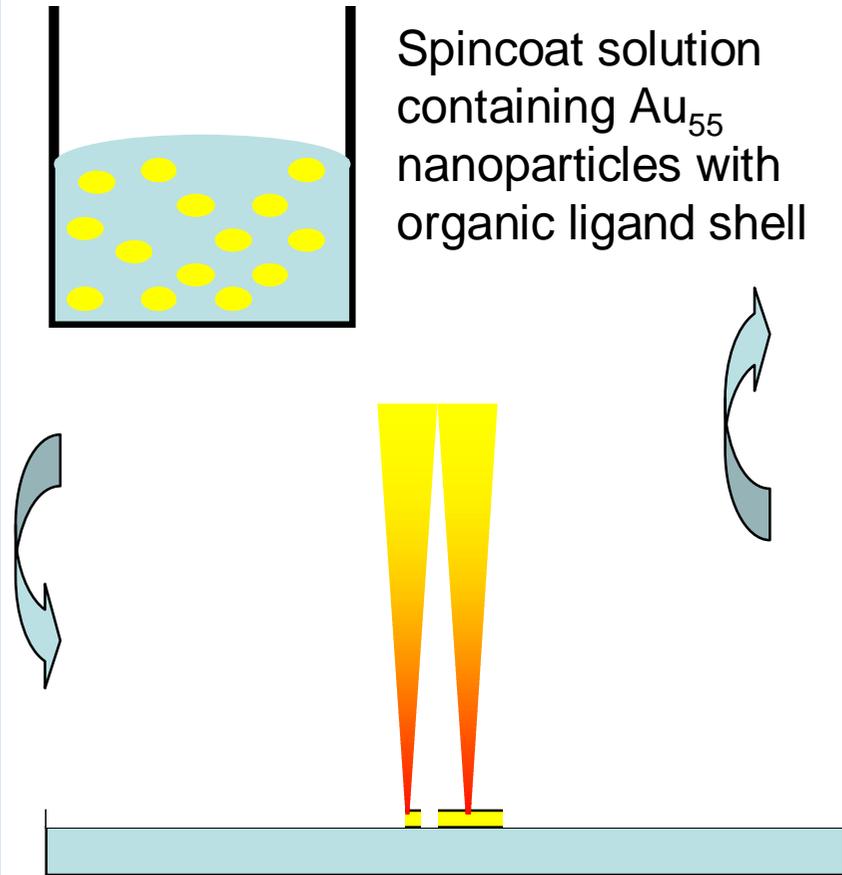


**Note:**  
Low dose FIB processes often not visible in SEM, but require STM/AFM or analytical techniques!

J. Appl. Phys. 95, 2614 (2004), V. Repain et al.

# Nanopatterning of conducting material

“Exposure” of cluster film “resist”

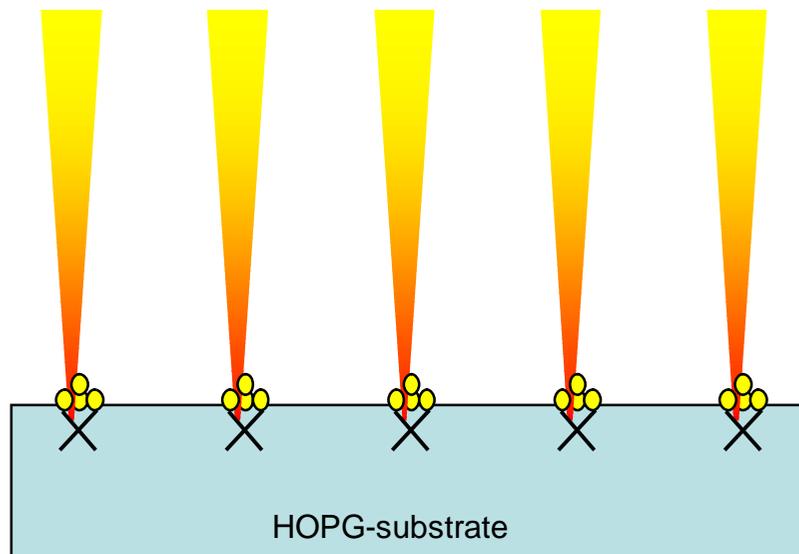


**Au<sub>55</sub> down to 30nm line width**

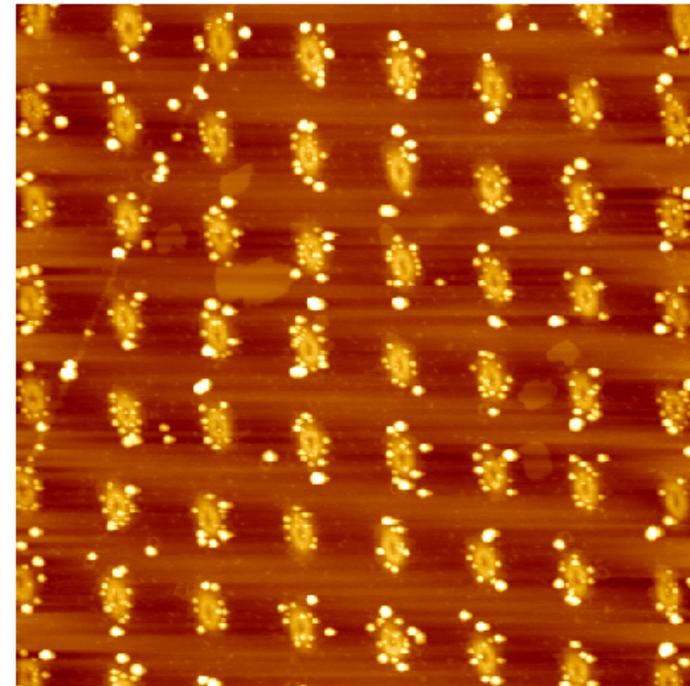
JVST B, Vol. 17, No. 6, Nov/Dec 1999

# Crystal defect injection and Au deposition

Expose HOPG with low dose FIB and induce surface defects serving as nucleation sites



Deposit Gold cluster which will preferentially nucleate at surface defects („functionalization“)



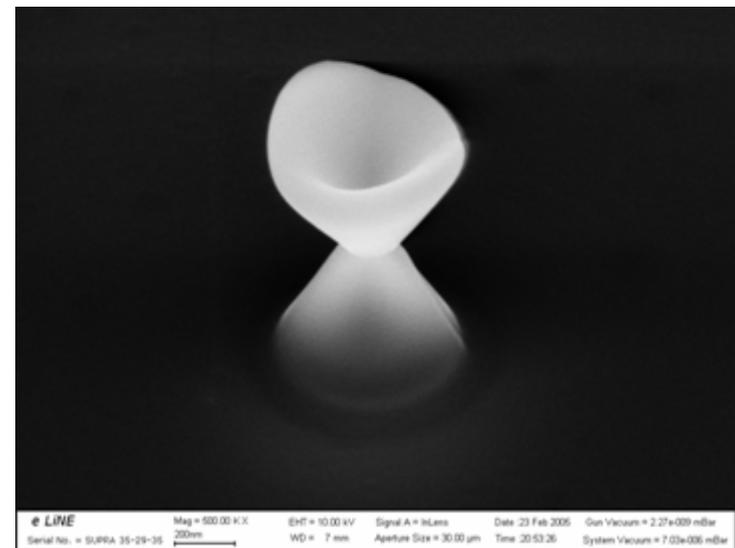
**Deposited Au cluster  
on HOPG substrate**

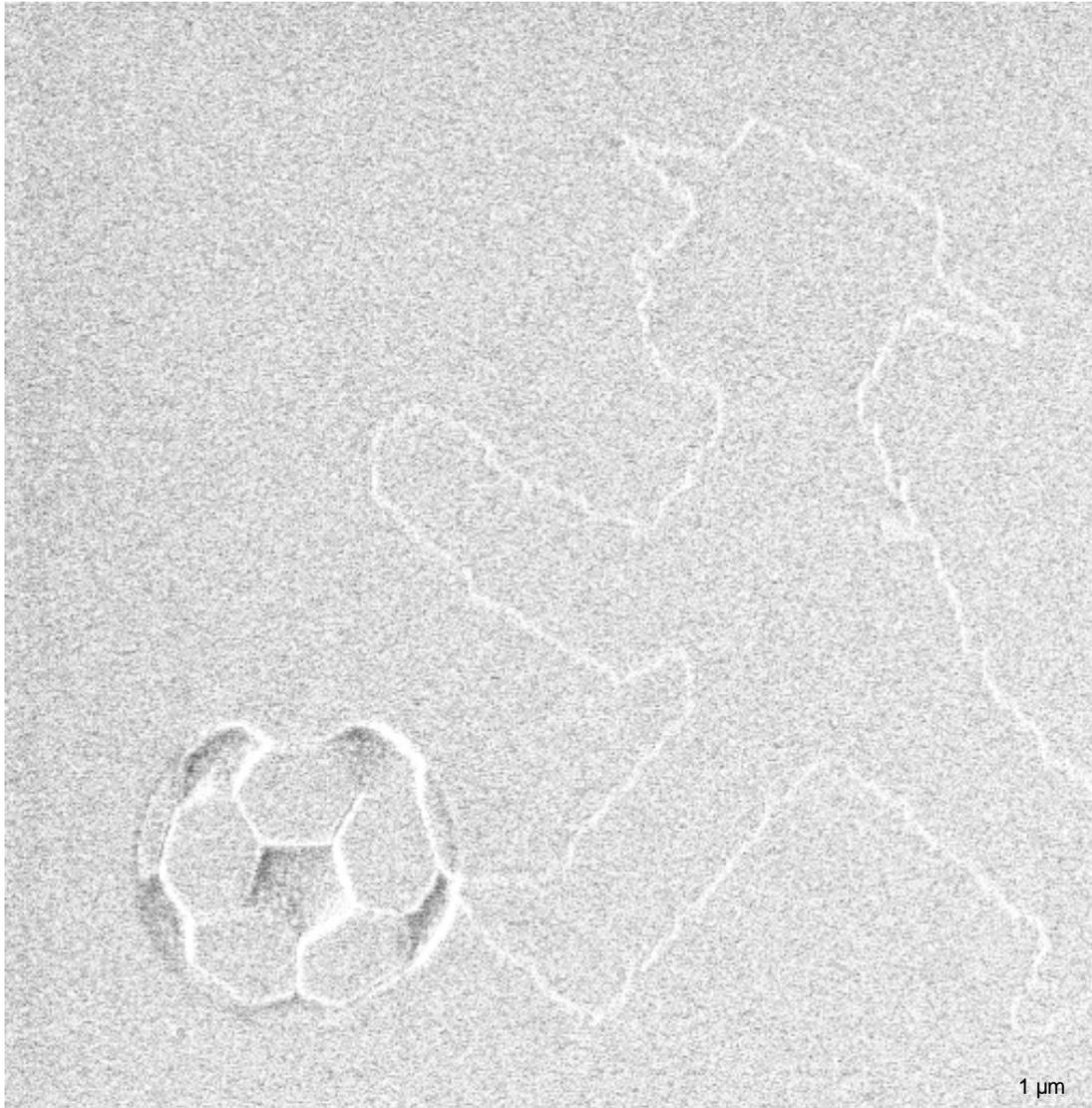
Appl. Surf. Sc., Vol. 226, 1-3, 2004

Thank you for your attention !

**QUESTIONS, PLEASE !!!**

... or like a cup of tea?

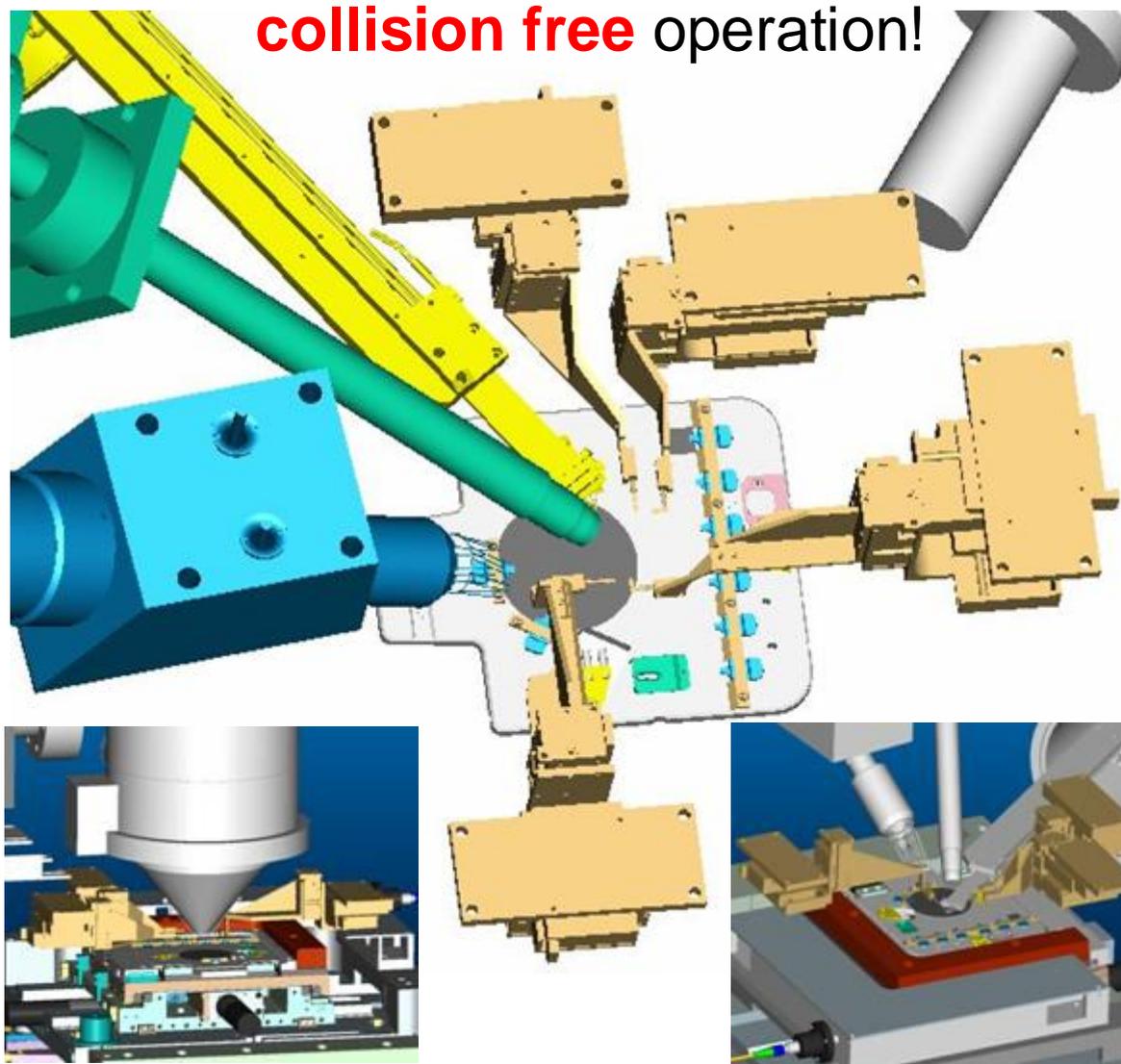




... et bonne chance  
pour „les Bleus“  
contre les brésiliens !

FIB 3D demo pattern,  
S. Bauerdick, Raith inhouse

# High level of system integration and control



### Gas Injection Control

Stage Gas

Injection Lines	Valves	Tungsten
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tungsten	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Reservoir Heating Start: <input type="text" value="n/a"/> Set-T: <input type="text" value="n/a"/> Read-T: <input type="text" value="n/a"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Platinum	<input type="checkbox"/>	Capillary Heating Start: <input type="text" value="n/a"/> Set-T: <input type="text" value="n/a"/> Read-T: <input type="text" value="n/a"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Water	<input type="checkbox"/>	Outgas: <input type="button" value="Details"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> SiOx	<input type="checkbox"/>	Nozzle Heating Start: <input type="text" value="n/a"/> Set-T: <input type="text" value="n/a"/> Read-T: <input type="text" value="n/a"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Etch	<input type="checkbox"/>	Vacuum: <input type="text" value="n/a"/> <input type="button" value="Read"/>

### Nano Manipulator Control

Stage coordinates

Destination Step Macros

X1:  Position:  absolute  relative  
Y1:   
Z1:

Nano Manipulator 1	
X:	n.a.
Y:	n.a.
Z:	n.a.

## EBID summary

Ion Beam induced deposition (IBID) is widely used for semiconductor application.

However, Electron Beam induced deposition (EBID) is at the edge to get extremely popular due to following significant advantages:

- higher resolution by smaller probe size
- no gallium implantation / contamination
- no unwanted etching, damage of sensitive samples (Carbon Nanotubes, thin films)
- less contamination around the incident point (IBID requires intensive healing processes - Takai et al.)
- higher imaging resolution capability for Nano Engineering

# Nanopores – Drilling

Membrane 85 nm SiC

