

Glyconanotechnology to develop multifunctional and multimodal nanomaterials for biomedical applications

Soledad Penadés

Laboratory of GlycoNanotechnology, Biofunctional Nanomaterials Unit, CICbiomaGUNE and CIBER-BBN, Parque Tecnológico, Pº de Miramon 182, 20009 San Sebastian, Spain

spenades@cicbiomagune.es

During the last years our laboratory has developed a new technology (*Glyconanotechnology*) for tailoring - in a simple and versatile way – bio-functional gold nanoclusters (glyconanoparticles). [1,2,3] The manipulation of the metallic cluster to obtain magnetic nanoparticles for in vivo application in cellular labeling and imaging by magnetic resonance (MRI), is comprised within the potential of this novel technology. [4, 5]

Glyconanoparticles (GNPs) bearing biological significant carbohydrates (antigens) in varying density have been prepared to study biological mechanisms [6, 7] and to intervene in cell adhesion processes. [8] The methodology includes the preparation of *hybrid* GNPs incorporating carbohydrates and other molecules such as fluorescent probes, biotin as well as biological molecules such as peptides, DNA and RNA.

The design and preparation of complex bio-functional GNPs and their application as polyvalent tools to study and intervene in carbohydrate mediated biological interactions will be highlighted. As examples of application in Nanomedicine, the preparation and study of GNPs as anti-adhesion agents in inhibition of metastasis, [8] as potential microbicides for blocking HIV-1 infection, [9] or as magnetic probes for in vivo labeling and tracking specifically cells by means of magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) will be also reviewed.

References

- [1] J. M. de la Fuente et al., Gold Glyconanoparticles as Water-Soluble Polyvalent Models To Study Carbohydrate Interactions, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **40** (2001) 2258-2261.
- [2] A. G. Barrientos et al., Gold Glyconanoparticles: Synthetic Polyvalent Ligands Mimicking Glycocalyx-Like Surfaces as Tools for Glycobiological Studies, *Chem. Eur. J.* **9** (2003), 1909-1921.
- [3] I. García et al., Glyconanoparticles: multifunctional nanomaterials for biomedical applications. *Nanomedicine*, **5**, (2010) 777-792
- [4] J. Gallo et al., Water-soluble magnetic glyconanoparticles based on metal-doped ferrites coated with gold: Synthesis and characterization. *J. Mat. Chem.* **20** (2010) 10010-10020
- [5] I. García et al., Magnetic Glyconanoparticles as a Versatile Platform for Selective Immunolabeling and Imaging of Cells. *Bioconjugate Chem.* doi.org/10.1021/bc1003923
- [6] M.-J. Hernáiz et al., A Model System Mimicking Glycosphingolipid Clusters to Quantify Carbohydrate Self-Interaction by Surface Plasmon Resonance, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **41** (2002) 1554-1557.
- [7] J. M. de la Fuente et al., Thermodynamic Evidence for Ca²⁺ mediated self-aggregation of Lewis X gold glyconanoparticles. A model for cell adhesion via carbohydrate-carbohydrate interaction, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **127** (2005) 6192-6197.
- [8] J. Rojo et al., Gold Glyconanoparticles as New Tools in Anti-adhesive Therapy, *ChemBioChem.* **5** (2004) 291-297.
- [9] O. Martínez-Ávila et al., Multivalent Manno-Glyconanoparticles Inhibit DC-SIGN Mediated HIV-1 trans-Infection of Human T-cells. *ChemBioChem.* **10** (2009) 1806-1809.